# TOWN OF TRUMBULL, CONNECTICUT FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

**JUNE 30, 2014** 

# ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT

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Tel 860.561.4000 Fax 860.521.9241



Accounting Tax Business Consulting

## **Independent Auditors' Report**

To the Town Council Town of Trumbull, Connecticut

## **Report on the Financial Statements**

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Town of Trumbull, Connecticut, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2014, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Town of Trumbull, Connecticut's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

#### Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

#### Auditors' Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in Government Auditing Standards, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and The procedures selected depend on the auditors' disclosures in the financial statements. judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditors consider internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

## **Opinions**

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Town of Trumbull, Connecticut, as of June 30, 2014 and the respective changes in financial position and, where applicable, cash flows thereof, for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

## **Other Matters**

## Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis on pages 4 through 12, the budgetary comparison information on pages 53 through 57, the schedule of changes in net pension liability and related ratios for the Town and Police on pages 58 and 59, the schedule of employer contributions - last ten fiscal years for the Town and Police on pages 60 and 61 and the schedule of investment returns - last fiscal year on page 62 be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, which considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

## Other Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the Town of Trumbull, Connecticut's basic financial statements. The combining and individual nonmajor fund financial statements and schedules, are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements.

The combining and individual nonmajor fund financial statements and schedules are the responsibility of management and were derived from and relate directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the combining and individual nonmajor fund financial statements and schedules are fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

# Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated December 20, 2014 on our consideration of the Town of Trumbull, Connecticut's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the Town of Trumbull, Connecticut's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

West Hartford, Connecticut December 20, 2014

Blum, Shapino + Company, P.C.

# TOWN OF TRUMBULL, CONNECTICUT MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS JUNE 30, 2014 (In thousands)

The Town of Trumbull, Connecticut's (the "Town") Management's Discussion and Analysis is designed to (a) assist the reader in focusing on significant financial issues, (b) provide an overview of the Town's financial activity, (c) identify changes in the Town's financial position (its ability to address the next and subsequent year challenges), (d) identify any material deviations from the financial plan (the approved budget), and (e) identify individual fund issues or concerns. The Management's Discussion and Analysis (MD&A) is designed to focus on the current year's activities, resulting changes and currently known facts and the Town's financial statements (beginning on page 13).

# **Financial Highlights - Primary Government**

- On a government-wide basis, the assets of the Town of Trumbull exceeded its liabilities resulting in total net asset at the close of the fiscal year of \$166.7 million. Total net position for Governmental Activities at fiscal year-end was \$82.2 million and total net position for Business-Type Activities were \$84.5 million.
- On a government-wide basis, during the year, the Town's net position increased by \$20.35 million. Net position decreased by \$.9 million for Governmental Activities and increased by \$21.22 million for Business-Type Activities.
- At the close of the year, the Town of Trumbull's governmental funds reported, on a current financial resources basis, a combined ending fund balance \$11.8 million, which are a decrease of \$6.5 million from the prior fiscal year due to \$5.7 million in BOE capital projects that will not be bonded until projects are completed.
- At the end of the current fiscal year, the total fund balance for the general fund alone was \$18.8 million, and a decrease of \$2 million from the prior fiscal year. Of the total fund balance in the general fund as of June 30, 2014, \$15.2 million represents unassigned balance, which is available for spending at the government's discretion. Unassigned fund balance in the general fund at year-end represents 9.1% of total general fund expenditures of \$167 million.
- The Town of Trumbull's total debt increased by \$3.3 million during the current fiscal year. The key factors in the increase were the issuance of \$21.6 million in new bonds and an increase of \$.8 million and \$1 million of net pension obligation and net OPEB obligation, respectively.

#### **Overview of the Financial Statements**

This discussion and analyses are intended to serve as an introduction to the Town of Trumbull's basic financial statements. The basic financial statements are comprised of three components: 1) government-wide financial statements, 2) fund financial statements and 3) notes to the financial statements. This report also contains other supplementary information in addition to the basic financial statements.

#### **Government-Wide Financial Statements**

The government-wide financial statements are designed to provide readers with a broad overview of the Town's finances, in a manner similar to a private-sector business.

The statement of net position presents information on all of the Town's assets and liabilities, with the difference between the two reported as net position. Over time increases or decreases in net position may serve as a useful indicator of whether the financial position of the Town is improving or deteriorating.

The statement of activities presents information showing how the government's net position changed during the most recent fiscal year. All changes in net position are reported as soon as the underlying event giving rise to the change occurs, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Thus, revenues and expenses are reported in this statement for some items that will only result in cash flows in future fiscal periods (e.g., uncollected taxes and earned but unused vacation leave).

Both of the government-wide financial statements distinguish functions of the Town that are principally supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues (governmental activities) from other functions that are intended to recover all or a significant portion of their costs through user fees and charges (business-type activities).

The governmental activities of the Town include general government, public safety, education, highways and streets, solid waste disposal, human services and culture and recreation activities.

The Business-type activities of the Town include the Water Pollution Control Authority and the Tashua Knolls Golf Course. They are reported here as the Town charges a fee to customers to help cover all or most of the cost of operations.

The government-wide financial statements (statement of net position and statement of activities) can be found on pages 13 and 14 of this report.

**Fund Financial Statements.** A fund is a grouping of related accounts that is used to maintain control and accountability over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives. The Town of Trumbull, like other state and local governments, uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements. The Town of Trumbull has three kinds of funds:

Governmental funds. Governmental fund financial statements consist of a balance sheet and statement of revenues, expenditures and changes in fund balances and are prepared on an accounting basis that is significantly different from that used to prepare the government-wide financial statements.

In general, these financial statements have a short-term emphasis and, for the most part, measure and account for cash and other assets that can easily be converted to cash. For example, amounts reported on the balance sheet include items such as cash and receivables collectible within a very short period of time, but do not include capital assets such as land and buildings. Fund liabilities include amounts that are to be paid within a very short period after the end of the fiscal year. The difference between a fund's total assets and total liabilities is labeled as the fund balance, and generally indicates the amount that can be used to finance the next fiscal year's activities. Likewise, the operating statement for governmental funds reports only those revenues and expenditures that were collected in cash or paid with cash, respectively, during the current period or very shortly after the end of the year.

For the most part, the balances and activities accounted for in governmental funds are also reported in the governmental activities columns of the government-wide financial statements; however, because different accounting bases are used to prepare fund financial statements and-governmental-wide financial statements, there are often significant differences between the totals presented in these financial statements. For this reason, there is an analysis included with the balance sheet that reconciles the total fund balance to the amount of net position presented in the governmental activities column on the

statement of net position. Also, there is an analysis included with the statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances that reconciles the total change in fund balances for all governmental funds to the change in net position as reported in the governmental activities column in the statement of activities.

The basic governmental fund financial statements (balance sheet and statement of revenues, expenditures and changes in fund balance) can be found on pages 15-18 of this report.

**Proprietary funds.** Proprietary fund financial statements consist of a statement of net position, statement of revenues, expenses and changes in fund net position and statement of cash flows, and are prepared on an accounting basis that is similar to the basis used to prepare the governmental-wide financial statements. For financial reporting purposes, proprietary funds are grouped into Enterprise Funds and Internal Service Funds.

The Town of Trumbull maintains two different types of enterprise funds. Enterprise funds are used to report the same functions presented as business-type activities in the government-wide financial statement. The Town of Trumbull uses Enterprise funds to account for its Water Pollution Control Authority and the Tashua Knolls Golf Course. Internal service funds are an accounting device used to accumulate and allocate certain costs internally among the Town's various functions. The Town uses an internal service fund to account for the acquisition and use of certain vehicles of departments of the Town, and the medical and workers' compensation reserves.

Because the internal service fund predominantly benefits governmental rather than business-type functions, it has been included within governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements.

Proprietary funds provide the same type of information as the government-wide financial statements, only in more detail.

The propriety fund financial statements can be found on pages 19-21 of this report.

**Fiduciary funds.** Fiduciary funds are used to account for resources held for the benefit of parties outside the government. Fiduciary funds are not reflected in the government-wide financial statements because the resources of those funds are not available to provide services to the Town's constituency. The Town has two pension trust funds. The basic fiduciary fund financial statements can be found on pages 22 and 23 of this report.

**Notes to the financial statements.** The notes provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements. The notes to the financial statements can be found on pages 24 through 52 of this report.

**Required Supplementary Information.** In addition to the basic financial statements and accompanying notes, this report also presents certain required supplementary information concerning the Town of Trumbull's General Fund budgetary comparison. This information can be found on pages 53 through 57 of this report.

# **Government-Wide Financial Analysis**

The Town's overall financial position and operations for the past year are summarized as follows based on the information included in the government-wide financial statements (see pages 13 and 14).

TABLE 1
NET POSITION
(In Thousands)

	Governmental Activities		Business- Activit		Total						
	2014	2013	2014	2013	2014	2013					
Current and other assets \$	45,966 \$	51,145 \$	5 56,246 \$	39,175 \$	102,212 \$	90,320					
Capital assets, net of depreciation	226,522	220,253	99,072	98,431	325,593	318,684					
Total assets	272,488	271,398	155,318	137,606	427,806	409,004					
Deferred outflows of resources	2,225	2,481	409	466	2,634	2,947					
Current liabilities	34,269	35,348	5,905	9,611	40,173	44,959					
Noncurrent liabilities	156,986	155,009	65,287	65,150	222,273	220,159					
Total liabilities	191,255	190,357	71,192	74,761	262,447	265,118					
Deferred inflows of resources	1,291	485			1,291	485					
Net Position:											
Net investment in capital assets	124,271	114,472	29,089	24,857	153,361	139,329					
Restricted	195	227			195	227					
Unrestricted	(42,299)	(31,662)	55,446	38,454	13,147	6,792					
Total Net Position \$	82,167 \$	83,037 \$	84,535 \$	63,311 \$	166,702 \$	146,348					

By far the largest portion of the Town of Trumbull's net position reflects its investment in capital assets (e.g. land, buildings, machinery, and equipment), less any related debt used to acquire those assets that is still outstanding. The Town uses these capital assets to provide services to citizens; consequently, these assets are not available for future spending. Although the Town of Trumbull's net investment in its capital assets is reported net of related debt, it should be noted that the resources needed to repay this debt must be provided from other sources, since the capital assets themselves cannot be used to liquidate these liabilities.

TABLE 2
CHANGES IN NET POSITION
(In Thousands)

		Governmental			Busin	ess-	Type					
		Ac	tivi	ties		Act	tivit	ies		Т	'ota	1
		2014		2013	_	2014		2013	-	2014		2013
Revenues:			_						_		_	
Program revenues:												
Charges for services	\$	10,694	\$	10,160	\$	10,264	\$	8,327	\$	20,958	\$	18,487
Operating grants and												
contributions		20,484		16,717				11		20,484		16,728
Capital grants and												
contributions		1,623		16,402						1,623		16,402
General revenues:												
Property taxes		138,439		135,370						138,439		135,370
Grants and contributions not												
restricted to specific purposes		756		943		1,518		1,537		2,274		2,480
Unrestricted investment earnings		201		120		1,654		1,299		1,855		1,419
Other general revenues	_	8	_	71	_	20,299	_	16		20,307	_	87
Total revenues	_	172,206		179,783	_	33,735	_	11,190	_	205,941	_	190,973
Program expenses:												
General government		20,354		22,259						20,354		22,259
Public safety		14,207		12,797						14,207		12,797
Public works		11,005		10,125						11,005		10,125
Health and welfare		661		770						661		770
Libraries		1,570		1,885						1,570		1,885
Social services		550		632						550		632
Parks and recreation		2,741		2,744						2,741		2,744
Education		117,549		109,195						117,549		109,195
Interest on long-term debt		5,065		4,909						5,065		4,909
WPCA						10,364		9,190		10,364		9,190
Golf Course						1,522		1,667		1,522		1,667
Total program expenses		173,701		165,316	_	11,886	_	10,857	_	185,587	_	176,173
Excess before transfers		(1,496)		14,466		21,850		332		20,354		14,798
Transfers	_	625		696	_	(625)	_	(696)	_	-	_	
Increase (Decrease) in Net Position	\$_	(871)	\$	15,162	\$_	21,224	\$_	(364)	\$	20,354	\$_	14,798

Trumbull's net position increased by \$20.3 million during the fiscal year, with net position of Governmental Activities decreasing by \$.9 million and net position of Business-Type Activities increasing by \$21.2 million.

Key elements of this increase are as follows:

- The Town's tax revenue increased \$3.1 million during the current fiscal year as a result of the increase in the mill rate and a 1% grand list growth.
- Capital grants and contributions decreased by \$14.8 million of which \$11.5 million was for progress payments from the State on the Trumbull High School renovations which is now complete and \$1.2 million on the Town's various Capital improvement projects.
- Operating grants and contributions increased by \$3.8 million of which \$2 million is for State on Behalf of Teachers retirement fund which is also reflected in the BOE expenditures.

- Education Costs increased \$8.4 million of which \$2 million was for the State on Behalf of Teachers retirement fund also reflected in operating grant revenues and other due to an overall increase in the operating budget
- In addition These factors more than offset the increase in the following expenses:
  - 1. Increase in the Town's pension contributions to bring it to this year's ARC.
  - 2. Increase in workers compensation due to ongoing open cases and final settlements.

The Business-Type Activities revenues increase of \$21.6 million which was a result of the completion and billing of the North Nichols sewer project.

#### **Financial Analysis of the Government's Funds**

As noted earlier, the Town uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements.

**Governmental funds.** The focus of the Town's governmental funds is to provide information on near-term inflows, outflows, and balance of spendable resources. Such information is useful in assessing the Town's financing requirements. In particular, unassigned fund balance may serve as a useful measure of a government's net resources available for spending at the end of the fiscal year.

As of the end of the current fiscal year, the Town's governmental funds reported combined ending fund balances of \$11.8 million. Of this amount the Town has an unassigned fund balance of \$2.9 million. The remaining \$8.9 million of fund balance is restricted to indicate amounts that are not available for new spending because it has already been committed to liquidate contracts, purchase orders of the prior period and Board of Education reserve.

**General Fund.** At the end of the current fiscal year, unassigned fund balance of the general fund was \$15.2 million. Unassigned fund balance of the general fund represents 10% of total general fund expenditures.

**Water Pollution Control Authority.** The Water Pollution Control Authority (WPCA) had an unrestricted net position balance at June 30, 2014 of \$54.4 million and net investment in capital assets of \$26.6 million.

**Golf Course.** The Tashua Knolls Golf Course had an unrestricted net position balance at June 30, 2014 of \$1.0 million and net investment in capital assets of \$2.5 million.

## GENERAL FUND BUDGETARY HIGHLIGHTS (NOT ROUNDED)

The difference between the original budget and the final amended budget for expenditures was \$1.03 million and the major contributing factors can be summarized as follows:

- There was a supplemental appropriation for \$180,000 to cover Police overtime due to various public safety issues, of which it was transferred from the Special Detail Agency Fund.
- There was a supplemental appropriation for \$204,000 for the snow removal due to the various storms.
- There was a supplemental appropriation for \$200,000 for additional technology needs for the Town departments.
- There was a supplemental appropriation for \$65,000 for an audit of the Trumbull High School construction project.

- There were supplemental appropriations to EMS for a total of \$87,000 of which \$72,000 was for additional paramedic service and \$11,000 for the new CMED 911 Telephone service.
- There was a supplemental appropriation of \$94,000 for Fleet Maintenance for fuel due to pricing increase.
- There was a supplemental appropriation of \$110,000 for the recycling contract due to increase in volume of debris removal.

However, the final budget to actual expenditure variance was favorable by \$.9 million. The major reasons for the net variance are as follows:

• There were surpluses in various department due to vacancies totaling \$139,300 as follows:

Planning & Zoning \$12,000
Counseling Center \$31,800
Public works \$65,500
Library \$30,000

- Town Hall had a surplus of \$165,000 of which \$119,000 was in the Contingency due to favorable negotiations of the MATHAS union contract which settled the first year for a one-time bonus instead of a normal increase and no increase for the first year of the Public Works/Parks union contract and \$20,000 in the Liability, Auto and Property Insurance due to better premiums rates and less claims under deductibles.
- Parks has a surplus of \$19,000 due to various efficiencies.
- Employee Benefits has a surplus of \$83,000 of which \$72,000 due to reduction in medical benefits by moving to a self insured program and increasing employee's contributions.
- Technology department had a surplus of \$75,000 due to a vacancy in the department and Technology upgrades that were not able to be performed.
- Disposal Area had a surplus of \$45,000 due to various efficiencies.
- There was a surplus in Debt Service in the amount of \$126,000 due to bond refunding.

The difference between the final revenue budget and actual revenues resulted in a net deficit of \$1.8 million. The major reasons for the favorable variance are as follows:

- Licenses, permits and fees were over budget by \$539,000 due to an increase in the Town Clerk's revenue of \$133,000 due to more refinancing as a result of lower interest rates and liens filed, \$307,000 due to an increase in Building permits due to more construction in town and \$102,000 due to an increase in volume in the Disposal Area.
- There was an increase of \$161,000 in Transfers in due to a transfer from the Police Special Detail Agency Fund to cover the increase in police Overtime.
- There was a deficit in the amount of \$801,000 in the Property Taxes revenue due to settlement of various tax appeals
- There was a use of surplus in the amount of \$1,550,000 built in the budget to balance the budget and provide tax relief to the taxpayers.

#### CAPITAL ASSETS AND DEBT ADMINISTRATION

#### **Capital Assets**

As of year-end, the Town had \$326 million (net of accumulated depreciation) invested in a variety of capital assets, as reflected in the following schedule:

TABLE 3
CAPITAL ASSETS
(In Thousands)

		Gove Ac	rnm tivit			Busin Ac	ess-' tiviti	• -		T	[otal	I
	_	2014		2013		2014		2013	-	2014	_	2013
Land	\$	39,153	\$	39,153	\$	1,962	\$	1,962	\$	41,115	\$	41,115
Land improvements		4,693		4,201		2,661		2,746		7,354		6,947
Buildings and improvements		80,945		83,898		1,197		1,249		82,142		85,147
Machinery and equipment		3,261		3,142		335		368		3,596		3,510
Infrastructure		22,940		21,770		61,263		62,981		84,203		84,751
Vehicles		4,139		3,796						4,139		3,796
Construction in progress	_	71,390	_	64,293	_	31,654	_	29,126	_	103,044	_	93,419
Total	\$_	226,522	\$	220,253	\$_	99,072	\$_	98,432	\$	325,592	\$_	318,685

Additional information on the Town's capital assets can be found on pages 34 through 35 of this report.

**Long-term Debt.** At the end of the current fiscal year, the Town of Trumbull had total bonded debt outstanding of \$159.1 million. One hundred percent (100%) of this debt is backed by the full faith and credit of the Town government.

TABLE 4
LONG-TERM DEBT
(In Thousands)

	Governmental				Busin	ess-	Гуре						
	Activities				Ac	tiviti	es		Total				
	2014		2013		2014	_	2013		2014	2013			
General Obligation Bonds	\$ 91,105	\$	92,287	\$	68,025	\$	67,133	\$_	159,130	\$_	159,420		

The Town of Trumbull's total debt decreased by \$.3 million or .18% during the 2013-14 fiscal year.

The Town of Trumbull maintains an Aa2 rating from Moody's Investors Service, and received an upgrade to AA+ by Standard & Poor's and AA/Stable by Fitch Rating.

State statutes limit the amount of general obligation debt a governmental entity may issue to seven times its annual tax collections. The current debt limitation for the Town is \$964.8 million, which is significantly in excess of the Town's outstanding general obligation debt.

Additional information on the Town's long-term debt can be found on pages 36 through 39 of this report.

## Relevant Current Economic Factors, Decisions, and Conditions

The unemployment rate for the Town is currently 6.1%, which compares favorably to the State's average unemployment rate of 7.5% and the Bridgeport Labor Market of 8.2%.

The Grand List growth has been less than 1% for each of the last several years.

Inflationary trends in the region compare favorably to national indices.

All of these factors were considered in preparing the Town of Trumbull's annual budget.

# **Request for Information**

This financial report is designed to provide a general overview of the Town's finances for all those with an interest in the government's finances. Questions concerning any of the information provided in this report or requests for additional financial information should be addressed to Maria Pires, Director of Finance, 5866 Main Street, Trumbull, CT 06611.

# STATEMENT OF NET POSITION

# **JUNE 30, 2014**

			Pr	imary Governme	ent	
		Governmental		Business-Type		
		Activities		Activities		Total
Assets:						
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	36,219,942	\$		\$	36,219,942
Investments	Ψ	10,251,703	Ψ		Ψ	10,251,703
Receivables, net		12,216,839		43,475,744		55,692,583
Internal balances		(13,130,497)		13,130,497		-
Interfund loans		378,096		(378,096)		_
Inventories		29,172		(2,0,0,0)		29,172
Other assets		661		18,082		18,743
Capital assets:		001		10,002		10,713
Assets not being depreciated		110,542,648		33,616,009		144,158,657
Assets being depreciated, net		115,978,972		65,455,825		181,434,797
Total assets		272,487,536		155,318,061		427,805,597
2000				,,		,,,,,,,,,,
Deferred Outflows of Resources:						
Deferred charge on refunding		2,224,702		408,957		2,633,659
Liabilities:						
Accounts and other payables		8,530,808		1,038,850		9,569,658
Accrued liabilities		1,958,039		19,249		1,977,288
Due to fiduciary funds		1,218,435				1,218,435
Bond anticipation notes		9,521,000				9,521,000
Unearned revenue		3,353,538				3,353,538
Noncurrent liabilities:						
Due within one year		9,686,704		4,846,834		14,533,538
Due in more than one year		156,986,442		65,286,621		222,273,063
Total liabilities		191,254,966		71,191,554		262,446,520
Deferred Inflows of Resources:						
Advance property tax collections		1,029,995				1,029,995
Advance summer school collections		196,415				196,415
Advance school lunch sales		64,158				64,158
Total deferred inflows of resources		1,290,568				1,290,568
Net Position:						
Net investment in capital assets		124,271,131		29,089,425		153,360,556
Restricted for:						
Trust purposes:						
Nonexpendable		194,620				194,620
Unrestricted		(42,299,047)		55,446,039	_	13,146,992
Total Net Position	\$	82,166,704	\$	84,535,464	\$	166,702,168

The accompanying notes are an integral part of the financial statements

# STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES

# FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2014

									Net (Expense) Revenue And Changes In N						
					P	rogram Revenu	es			F					
			-	Operating Capita				Capital							
				Charges for		Grants and		Grants and		Governmental	]	Business-Type			
Functions/Programs		Expenses		Services		Contributions		Contributions		Activities	_	Activities		Total	
Governmental activities:															
General government	\$	20,353,517	\$	1,350,377	\$	223,180	\$		\$	(18,779,960)	\$	\$	3	(18,779,960)	
Public safety		14,206,750		3,682,785				115,617		(10,408,348)				(10,408,348)	
Public works		11,005,471		428,138		503,248		470,994		(9,603,091)				(9,603,091)	
Public health		660,567				73,083				(587,484)				(587,484)	
Libraries		1,569,820								(1,569,820)				(1,569,820)	
Social services		550,437								(550,437)				(550,437)	
Parks and recreation		2,740,977		114,403						(2,626,574)				(2,626,574)	
Education		117,548,558		5,118,758		19,684,451		970,805		(91,774,544)				(91,774,544)	
Interest on long-term debt		5,065,360		-, -,		.,,.		66,039		(4,999,321)				(4,999,321)	
Total governmental activities	-	173,701,457		10,694,461		20,483,962	-	1,623,455		(140,899,579)	-	-	(	(140,899,579)	
Business-type activities:															
WPCA		10,363,682		8,324,062								(2,039,620)		(2,039,620)	
Golf course		1,521,918		1,939,867								417,949		417,949	
Total business-type activities	-	11,885,600		10,263,929		_	-				-	(1,621,671)		(1,621,671)	
Total business type detivities	-	11,005,000	-	10,203,727							-	(1,021,071)	_	(1,021,071)	
Total primary governmental activities	\$ _	185,587,057	\$	20,958,390	\$	20,483,962	\$	1,623,455		(140,899,579)	-	(1,621,671)		(142,521,250)	
		General revenues													
	,	Property taxes								138,439,111				138,439,111	
		1 ,		utions not restri	cted	to specific prog	rams	S		755,723		1,518,318		2,274,041	
				ment earnings						200,920		1,654,079		1,854,999	
		Miscellaneous		8						8,065		-,,		8,065	
		Sewer assessm								-,		20,298,850		20,298,850	
		Transfers								625,176		(625,176)			
			al re	venues and trans	sfers	S				140,028,995	-	22,846,071		162,875,066	
		Change in n	iet po	osition						(870,584)		21,224,400		20,353,816	
	]	Net Position at B	egin	ning of Year						83,037,288	_	63,311,064		146,348,352	
	]	Net Position at E	nd o	f Year					\$	82,166,704	\$	84,535,464 \$	6	166,702,168	

## **BALANCE SHEET - GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS**

# **JUNE 30, 2014**

	_	General		Five Year Capital Plan	_	Nonmajor Governmental Funds		Total Governmental Funds
ASSETS								
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	35,350,085	\$		\$	869,857	\$	36,219,942
Investments		10,251,703						10,251,703
Receivables, net		8,958,606				2,031,742		10,990,348
Inventories		C 107 401		2 470 020		29,172		29,172
Due from other funds		6,187,481		3,470,020		4,514,610		14,172,111
Interfund loans Other assets		378,096 661						378,096 661
Advances from other funds		1,655,056						1,655,056
Advances from other runds	-	1,055,050			-			1,033,030
Total Assets	\$	62,781,688	\$	3,470,020	\$	7,445,381	\$	73,697,089
LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOUR	CES A	AND FUND I	BAL	ANCES				
Liabilities:								
Accounts and other payables	\$	7,035,242	\$	837,919	\$	657,646	\$	8,530,807
Due to other funds		27,600,213		,		5,022,558		32,622,771
Unearned revenue		98,648				15,501		114,149
Advances to other funds						1,655,056		1,655,056
Bond anticipation notes	_		_	9,521,000	_			9,521,000
Total liabilities	=	34,734,103		10,358,919	-	7,350,761	j.	52,443,783
Deferred Inflows of Resources:								
Unavailable revenue - property taxes		6,605,376						6,605,376
Unavailable revenue - school construction receivables		1,429,035						1,429,035
Unavailable revenue - other receivables		4 000 007				99,956		99,956
Advance property tax collections		1,029,995						1,029,995
Advance summer school collections Advance school lunch sales		196,415				64 150		196,415
Total deferred inflows of resources	-	9,260,821			-	64,158		64,158 9,424,935
Total deferred filliows of resources	=	9,200,821		-	-	104,114		9,424,933
Fund Balances:		1 655 056				222 702		1 070 040
Nonspendable		1,655,056				223,792		1,878,848
Restricted		1 507 625				75,260 5,046,050		75,260
Committed		1,527,635				5,046,959		6,574,594
Assigned		369,264 15,234,809		(6 886 600)		(5 /15 505)		369,264 2 930 405
Unassigned Total fund balances	-	15,234,809		(6,888,899)	-	(5,415,505)	į	2,930,405 11,828,371
rotai runu vaiances	-	10,700,704		(0,000,099)	-	(09,494)		11,020,3/1
Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources		<b>20 H</b> 01 -0-			_	<b></b>		<b>50</b> -05 - 000
and Fund Balances	\$_	62,781,688	\$	3,470,020	\$	7,445,381	\$	73,697,089

#### **BALANCE SHEET - GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS (CONTINUED)**

## **JUNE 30, 2014**

Reconciliation of the Balance Sheet - Governmental Funds

to the Statement of Net Position:

Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net position (Exhibit I) are different because of the following:

Fund balances - total governmental funds

\$ 11,828,371

Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and, therefore, are not reported in the funds:

346,151,110 Governmental capital assets Less accumulated depreciation (122,603,029)Net capital assets

223,548,081

Other long-term assets are not available to pay for current-period expenditures and, therefore, are not recorded in the funds:

Property tax receivables greater than 60 days	3,465,943
Interest receivable on property taxes	1,226,491
Receivable from the state for school construction projects	1,429,035

Internal service funds are used by management to charge the costs of risk management to individual funds. The assets and liabilities of the internal service funds are reported with governmental activities in the statement of net position.

2,895,777

Long-term liabilities, including deferred outflows of resources, are not due and payable in the current period and, therefore, are not reported in the funds:

Net pension obligation	(55,177,634)
Net OPEB obligation	(7,157,854)
Bonds payable	(91,105,180)
Interest payable on bonds and notes	(1,958,040)
Compensated absences	(5,168,977)
Claims and judgments	(35,000)
Bond premium	(3,849,011)
Deferred charge on refunding	2,224,702

Net Position of Governmental Activities (Exhibit I) \$ 82,166,704

# STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES

# GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

# FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2014

	_	General	_	Five Year Capital Plan	Nonmajor Governmental Funds	_	Total Governmental Funds
Revenues:							
Property taxes	\$	138,268,546	\$		\$	\$	138,268,546
Intergovernmental		18,329,424			4,984,109		23,313,533
Investment earnings		200,483			437		200,920
Charges for goods and services		7,132,207			3,562,254		10,694,461
Other					8,065		8,065
Total revenues	_	163,930,660	_	-	8,554,865	_	172,485,525
Expenditures:							
Current:							
General government		19,612,858			230,977		19,843,835
Public safety		11,554,102			1,181,826		12,735,928
Public works		8,862,763					8,862,763
Public health		581,532			35,340		616,872
Libraries		1,514,843					1,514,843
Social service		579,610					579,610
Parks and recreation		2,492,598					2,492,598
Education		109,704,266			4,836,566		114,540,832
Debt service:							
Principal		8,283,595					8,283,595
Interest		3,840,489					3,840,489
Capital outlay	_		_	7,490,713	5,676,890	_	13,167,603
Total expenditures	-	167,026,656	_	7,490,713	11,961,599	-	186,478,968
Deficiency of Revenues over Expenditures	_	(3,095,996)	_	(7,490,713)	(3,406,734)	_	(13,993,443)
Other Financing Sources:							
Transfers in		805,176					805,176
Transfers out					(180,000)		(180,000)
Issuance of general obligation bonds				6,569,000	36,000		6,605,000
Premium on bonds		137,741					137,741
Issuance of refunding bonds		7,844,000					7,844,000
Premium on bond refunding		762,425					762,425
Payments to escrow agent	_	(8,494,259)	_			_	(8,494,259)
Total other financing sources	_	1,055,083	_	6,569,000	(144,000)	_	7,480,083
Net Change in Fund Balances		(2,040,913)		(921,713)	(3,550,734)		(6,513,360)
Fund Balances at Beginning of Year	_	20,827,677	_	(5,967,186)	3,481,240	_	18,341,731
Fund Balances at End of Year	\$_	18,786,764	\$_	(6,888,899)	\$ (69,494)	\$_	11,828,371

(Continued on next page)

# STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS (CONTINUED)

#### FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2014

Reconciliation of the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances of Governmental Funds to the Statement of Activities:

Net change in fund balances - total governmental funds (Exhibit IV)	\$ (6,513,360)

Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. In the statement of activities, the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives and reported as depreciation expense:

Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities (Exhibit II) are different because:

Capital outlay	11,769,976
Depreciation expense	(5,529,711)

In the statement of activities, only the gain on the sale of capital assets is reported. However,

in the governmental funds, the proceeds from the sale increase financial resources.

Thus the change in net position differs from the change in fund balance by the cost of the assets sold. (23,268)

Revenues in the statement of activities that do not provide current financial resources are not reported as revenues in the funds, and revenues recognized in the funds are not reported in the statement of activities:

School building grant receipts	(450,393)
Property tax receivable - accrual basis change	291,153
Property tax interest and lien revenue - accrual basis change	(120,588)

The issuance of long-term debt (e.g., bonds, leases) provides current financial resources to governmental funds, while the repayment of the principal of long-term debt consumes the current financial resources of governmental funds. Neither transaction has any effect on net position. Also, governmental funds report the effect of premiums, discounts and similar items when debt is first issued, whereas these amounts are amortized and deferred in the statement of activities. The details of these differences in the treatment of long-term debt and related items are as follows:

Issuance of bonds and notes	(6,605,000)
Premium on bond issuance	(137,741)
Bond principal payments	7,314,540
Refunding bonds issued	(7,844,000)
Premium on refunding bonds	(762,425)
Payments to escrow agent	8,494,259

Some expenses reported in the statement of activities do not require the use of current financial resources and, therefore, are not reported as expenditures in the governmental funds:

Compensated absences	(290,899)
Accrued interest	195,156
Amortization of deferred charge on refunding	(434,175)
Other	(617,102)
Amortization of bond premiums	600,304
Net pension expense	(759,636)
Net OPEB expense	(978,752)
Claims and judgments	90,000

Internal service funds are used by management to charge costs to individual funds. The net revenue of certain activities of internal services funds is reported with governmental activities.

1,441,078

Change in Net Position of Governmental Activities (Exhibit II) \$ (870,584)

# STATEMENT OF NET POSITION - PROPRIETARY FUNDS

# **JUNE 30, 2014**

		<b>Business-Type Activities</b>					Governmental		
	_		_	Nonmajor	•	Total		<b>Activities</b>	
			_	Golf	•	<b>Business-Type</b>		Internal	
		WPCA		Course		Activities		<b>Service Funds</b>	
<b>A</b>					•				
Assets:									
Current assets:	Φ.	1 050 054	ф	55 405	ф	1 100 050	ф		
Receivables, net	\$		\$	55,425	\$	1,128,279	\$		
Assessment receivable		42,347,465				42,347,465			
Due from other funds		12,017,751		1,112,746		13,130,497		5,266,651	
Other assets		18,082				18,082			
Total current assets		55,456,152		1,168,171		56,624,323		5,266,651	
Noncurrent assets:									
Capital assets, net		93,716,155		5,355,679		99,071,834		2,973,539	
Total assets		149,172,307		6,523,850		155,696,157		8,240,190	
Deferred Outflows of Resources:									
Deferred charge on refunding	_	390,165	_	18,792		408,957			
Liabilities:									
Current liabilities:									
Accounts and other payables		989,280		49,570		1,038,850			
Accrued liabilities		4,942		14,307		19,249			
Due to other funds						-		1,164,923	
Interfund loan				378,096		378,096			
Bonds payable		4,725,460		102,000		4,827,460			
Compensation absences		8,368		11,006		19,374			
Claim payable						· -		582,524	
Total current liabilities		5,728,050		554,979		6,283,029		1,747,447	
Noncurrent liabilities:									
Bonds payable, net		62,746,321		2,439,489		65,185,810			
Compensated absences		47,244		53,567		100,811			
Claims payable		,		,		-		3,596,966	
Total noncurrent liabilities	_	62,793,565		2,493,056		65,286,621		3,596,966	
Total liabilities	_	68,521,615		3,048,035		71,569,650		5,344,413	
Net Position:									
Net investment in capital assets		26,634,539		2,454,886		29,089,425		1,808,616	
Unrestricted	_	54,406,318	_	1,039,721		55,446,039		1,087,161	
Total Net Position	\$_	81,040,857	\$	3,494,607	\$	84,535,464	\$	2,895,777	

The accompanying notes are an integral part of the financial statements

# STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES AND CHANGES IN FUND NET POSITION - PROPRIETARY FUNDS

# FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2014

	<b>Business-Type</b>	e Activities		Governmental		
	WPCA	Nonmajor Golf Course	Total Business-Type Activities	Activities Internal Service Funds		
Operating Revenues: Charges for services	8,324,062 \$	1,939,867 \$	10,263,929 \$	18,892,954		
Operating Expenses: Operating and maintenance Claims expense Depreciation Total operating expenses	6,390,276 1,753,043 8,143,319	1,288,518 164,633 1,453,151	7,678,794 - 1,917,676 - 9,596,470	16,944,100 484,508 17,428,608		
Operating Income	180,743	486,716	667,459	1,464,346		
Nonoperating Revenue (Expenses): Income on investments Interest expense Net nonoperating expenses	1,654,079 (2,220,363) (566,284)	(68,767) (68,767)	1,654,079 (2,289,130) (635,051)	(23,268)		
Income (Loss) Before Capital Contributions and Transfers	(385,541)	417,949	32,408	1,441,078		
Capital Contributions: Capital contributions Special assessments and other Total capital contributions	1,518,318 20,298,850 21,817,168	-	1,518,318 20,298,850 21,817,168	<u>-</u>		
Income Before Transfers	21,431,627	417,949	21,849,576	1,441,078		
Transfers Out	(416,402)	(208,774)	(625,176)			
Change in Net Position	21,015,225	209,175	21,224,400	1,441,078		
Net Position at Beginning of Year	60,025,632	3,285,432	63,311,064	1,454,699		
Net Position at End of Year	81,040,857 \$	3,494,607 \$	84,535,464 \$	2,895,777		

# STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS - PROPRIETARY FUNDS

# FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2014

		<b>Business-Type Activities</b>					Governmental
	_	245111655 1	Nonmajor	-	Total		Activities
			Golf	-	Business-Type		Internal
		WPCA	Course		Activities		
	_	WPCA	Course	-	Activities		Service Funds
Cash Flows from Operating Activities:				_			
Cash received from customers and users	\$	8,235,396		\$	10,165,725	\$	18,892,954
Cash paid to suppliers for goods and services		(5,962,598)	(1,274,860)		(7,237,458)		
Cash received from (paid to) employees		7,490	8,191		15,681		
Cash paid for insurance claims and premiums					-		(15,701,084)
Net cash provided by operating activities		2,280,288	663,660	-	2,943,948		3,191,870
1 7 1 0				-			
Cash Flows from Noncapital Financing Activities:							
Transfers out		(416,402)	(208,774)		(625,176)		
Cash paid to other funds		(410,402)	(200,774)		(023,170)		(2,632,538)
			400,000		400.000		(2,032,336)
Cash received from general fund loan			400,000		400,000		
Cash paid on general fund loan			(21,904)		(21,904)		
Cash (received from) paid to other funds	_	(1,011,359)	(259,425)		(1,270,784)		
Net cash used in noncapital financing activities	_	(1,427,761)	(90,103)	-	(1,517,864)		(2,632,538)
Cash Flows from Capital and Related Financing Activities:							
Principal payment - long-term obligations		(3,898,460)	(77,000)		(3,975,460)		
Principal payment - bond anticipation notes		(5,000,000)			(5,000,000)		
Interest paid		(2,306,974)	(80,884)		(2,387,858)		
Debt issuance costs		(31,045)	, , ,		(31,045)		
Purchase of capital assets and construction		(2,142,450)	(415,673)		(2,558,123)		(559,332)
Proceeds from bond issuance		5,000,000	(413,073)		5,000,000		(337,332)
Proceeds from refunding bond issuance		2,171,000			2,171,000		
Payments to escrow agent		(2,350,973)			(2,350,973)		
Premium on refunding bond issuance		211,018			211,018		
Premium on bond issuance		104,271			104,271		
Special assessments		4,218,689			4,218,689		
Capital grants and contributions		1,518,318			1,518,318		
Net cash used in capital and related financing activities		(2,506,606)	(573,557)	-	(3,080,163)		(559,332)
Cash Flows from Investing Activities:							
Interest received	_	1,654,079	-	-	1,654,079		
Net Increase in Cash and Cash Equivalents		-	-		-		-
Cook and Cook Equivalents at Designing of Veer							
Cash and Cash Equivalents at Beginning of Year	_			-			<del>-</del>
Cash and Cash Equivalents at End of Year	\$		\$ -	\$		\$	
Cash and Cash Equivalents at End of Tear	Ψ_		Ψ	φ		φ	
December 11: 4: N-4 C1							
Reconciliation of Operating Income to Net Cash							
Provided by Operating Activities:	Ф	100.742	¢ 406.716	ф	667.450	ф	1 464 246
Operating income	\$	180,743	\$ 486,716	\$	667,459	\$	1,464,346
Adjustments to reconcile operating income (loss) to net cash							
provided by operating activities:		1 752 042	164 622		1.017.676		404.500
Depreciation expense		1,753,043	164,633		1,917,676		484,508
Change in asset and liabilities:		(101 155	/n =c		/110 =0		
(Increase) decrease in accounts receivable		(101,166)	(9,538)		(110,704)		
(Increase) decrease in other assets		12,500			12,500		
Increase (decrease) in accounts payable		427,678	13,658		441,336		
Increase (decrease) in compensated absences payable		7,490	8,191		15,681		
Increase (decrease) in claims payable	_						1,243,016
N.C.I.B. CLIL O. C. A.C.S.	Φ.	2 200 200	Ф	4	2.042.040	ф	2 101 070
Net Cash Provided by Operating Activities	\$_	2,280,288	\$ 663,660	\$	2,943,948	\$	3,191,870

# STATEMENT OF FIDUCIARY NET POSITION - FIDUCIARY FUNDS

# **JUNE 30, 2014**

	_	Pension Trust Funds		OPEB Trust Fund	_	Private Purpose Trust		Agency Funds
Assets:								
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	1,522,626	\$	224,182	\$	157,796	\$	983,790
Investments:								
U.S. Bonds/notes		5,654,945						
Fixed income securities		8,554,970						
Common stock		27,346,530						
Other						21,346		
Property funds		436,556						
Mutual funds		31,918,255						
Due from other funds						1,218,435		
Accounts receivable	_	118,609	_		_	43,504	_	
Total assets	_	75,552,491	_	224,182	_	1,441,081	\$_	983,790
Liabilities:								
Accounts and other payables				7,025		14,623	\$	
Deposits held for others	_		_		_	•	_	983,790
Total liabilities	_	-		7,025	_	14,623	\$_	983,790
Net Position: Held in Trust for Private Purpose						1,426,458		
Held in Trust for OPEB Benefits Held in Trust for Pension Benefits	_	75,552,491	_	217,157	_			
Total Net Position	\$_	75,552,491	\$_	217,157	\$_	1,426,458		

# STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN NET POSITION - FIDUCIARY FUNDS

# FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2014

	_	Pension Trust Funds		OPEB Trust Fund	. <u>-</u>	Private Purpose Trust
Additions:						
Contributions:						
Employer	\$	6,276,000	\$	160,000	\$	
Plan members		1,238,720		65,831		
Other						852,299
Total contributions	_	7,514,720	_	225,831	_	852,299
Investment income:						
Net appreciation in fair value of investments		7,843,628				
Interest and dividends		1,415,227		64		216
Total investment income	_	9,258,855		64	_	216
Total additions	_	16,773,575	_	225,895	_	852,515
Deductions:						
Benefits		6,279,399		74,936		757,935
Administration	_	205,875		27,891	_	
Total deductions		6,485,274	_	102,827	· <u> </u>	757,935
Net Increase in Net Position		10,288,301		123,068		94,580
Net Position at Beginning of Year		65,264,190	_	94,089	_	1,331,878
Net Position at End of Year	\$	75,552,491	\$	217,157	\$	1,426,458

#### NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

#### 1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The financial statements of the Town of Trumbull, Connecticut (the Town) have been prepared in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAP) as applied to government units. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) is the accepted standard setting body for establishing governmental accounting and financial reporting principles. The more significant policies of the Town are described below.

## A. Reporting Entity

The Town of Trumbull, Connecticut, was incorporated as a town in the early 1600s. The Town covers an area of 23.5 square miles and is located in Fairfield County, approximately 60 miles from New York City and 60 miles from Hartford. The Town operates under a First Selectman, Town Council and Finance Committee form of government and provides a full range of services including public safety, roads, sanitation, health, social services, culture and recreation, education, planning, zoning and general administrative services to its residents.

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the reporting entity include 1) the primary government, 2) organizations for which the primary government is financially accountable, and 3) other organizations for which the nature and significance of their relationship with the primary government are such that exclusion would cause the reporting entity's financial statements to be misleading or incomplete. The criteria provided by the Codification, Section 2100 has been considered and as a result, there are no agencies or entities that should be, but are not, included in the financial statements of the Town.

## **B.** Government-Wide and Fund Financial Statements

The government-wide financial statements (i.e., the statement of net position and the statement of activities) report information on all of the nonfiduciary activities of the Town. For the most part, the effect of interfund activity has been removed from these statements. Governmental activities, which normally are supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues, are reported separately from business-type activities, which rely to a significant extent on fees and charges for support.

The statement of activities demonstrates the degree to which the direct expenses of a given function or segment is offset by program revenues. Direct expenses are those that are clearly identifiable with a specific function or segment. Program revenues include 1) charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use or directly benefit from goods, services or privileges provided by a given function or segment and 2) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function or segment. Taxes and other items not properly included among program revenues are reported instead as general revenues.

Separate financial statements are provided for governmental funds, proprietary funds and fiduciary funds, even though the latter are excluded from the government-wide financial statements. Major individual governmental funds and major individual enterprise funds are reported as separate columns in the fund financial statements.

# C. Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting and Financial Statement Presentation

The government-wide financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting, as are the proprietary fund and pension trust fund financial statements. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Property taxes are recognized as revenues in the year for which they are levied. Grants and similar items are recognized as revenue as soon as all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider have been met.

Governmental fund financial statements are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recognized as soon as they are both measurable and available. Revenues are considered to be available when they are collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. For this purpose, the Town considers revenues to be available if they are collected within 60 days of the end of the current fiscal period. Expenditures generally are recorded when a liability is incurred, as under accrual accounting. However, debt service expenditures, as well as expenditures related to compensated absences and claims and judgments, are recorded only when payment is due.

Property taxes, charges for services, licenses and interest associated with the current fiscal period are all considered to be susceptible to accrual and so have been recognized as revenues of the current fiscal period. Only the portion of special assessments receivable due within the current fiscal period is considered to be susceptible to accrual as revenue of the current period. All other revenue items are considered to be measurable and available only when cash is received.

Agency funds use the accrual basis of accounting but have no measurement focus since they report only assets and liabilities.

The Town reports the following major governmental funds:

The General Fund is the Town's primary operating fund. It accounts for all financial resources of the Town, except those required to be accounted for in another fund.

The Five Year Capital Plan Fund accounts for resources and expenditures on various capital projects.

The Town reports the following major proprietary funds:

The Water Pollution Control Authority (WPCA) accounts for the operations of the Town's wastewater treatment plant. It is independent in terms of its relationship to other Town functions. Its operations are financed from special assessments and direct charges to the users of the service.

Additionally, the Town reports the following fund types:

The Internal Service Funds account for the acquisition and use of certain vehicles of departments of the Town, and the medical and workers compensation reserves.

The Pension Trust Funds and OPEB Trust Fund account for the activities of the Town's defined benefit plans and other post- employment benefits, which accumulate resources for benefit payments to qualified employees.

The Agency Funds account for monies held as a custodian for outside groups and agencies.

The Private Purpose Trust Funds account for assets held by the Town in a trustee capacity on behalf of others.

As a general rule, the effect of interfund activity has been eliminated from the government-wide financial statements. Exceptions to this general rule are payments in lieu of taxes and other charges between certain Town functions because the elimination of these charges would distort the direct costs and program revenues reported for the various functions concerned.

Amounts reported as program revenues include 1) charges to customers or applicants for goods, services or privileges provided, 2) operating grants and contributions, and 3) capital grants and contributions, including special assessments. Internally dedicated resources are reported as general revenues rather than as program revenues. Likewise, general revenues include property taxes.

Proprietary funds distinguish operating revenues and expenses from nonoperating items. Operating revenues and expenses generally result from providing services and producing and delivering goods in connection with a proprietary fund's principal ongoing operations. The principal operating revenues of the Town's enterprise funds, and of the Town's internal service funds, are charges to customers for sales and services. Operating expenses for enterprise funds and internal service funds include the cost of sales and services, administrative expenses and depreciation on capital assets. All revenues and expenses not meeting this definition are reported as nonoperating revenues and expenses.

When both restricted and unrestricted resources are available for use, it is the Town's policy to use restricted resources first, then unrestricted resources as they are needed. Unrestricted resources are used in the following order: committed, assigned then unassigned.

## **D.** Deposits and Investments

The Town's cash and cash equivalents are considered to be cash on hand, demand deposits and short-term investments with original maturities of three months or less from the date of acquisition.

State statutes authorize the Town to invest in obligations of the U.S. Treasury, commercial paper, corporate bonds, repurchase agreements and certain other investments as described in Note 3.

Investments for the Town are reported at fair value.

#### E. Receivables and Payables

Activity between funds that are representative of lending/borrowing arrangements outstanding at the end of the fiscal year are referred to as either "due to/from other funds" (i.e., the current portion of interfund loans) or "advances to/from other funds" (i.e., the noncurrent portion of interfund loans). All other outstanding balances between funds are reported as "due to/from other funds." Any residual balances outstanding between the governmental activities and business-type activities are reported in the government-wide financial statements as "internal balances." All trade and property tax receivables are shown net of an allowance for uncollectibles. An amount of \$750,000 has been established as an allowance for uncollectible taxes. At June 30, 2014, this represents 16.23% of all property taxes receivable.

Property taxes are assessed as of October 1 and are levied on the following July 1. Personal property taxes and real estate taxes are due in four installments, on July 1 and the following October 1, January 1, and April 1. Motor vehicle taxes are due in two installments, on July 1 and January 1. Liens are filed by the end of the fiscal year in which the taxes are collectible.

#### F. Inventories and Prepaid Items

All inventories are valued at cost using the first-in/first-out (FIFO) method. Inventories of governmental funds are recorded as expenditures when consumed rather than when purchased.

Certain payments to vendors reflect costs applicable to future accounting periods and are recorded as prepaid items in both government-wide and fund financial statements.

## G. Capital Assets

Capital assets, which include property, plant, equipment and infrastructure assets (e.g., roads, bridges, sidewalks and similar items), are reported in the applicable governmental or business-type activities columns in the government-wide financial statements. Capital assets are defined by the government as assets with an initial, individual cost of more than \$5,000 and an estimated useful life in excess of two years. Such assets are recorded at historical cost or estimated historical cost if purchased or constructed. Donated capital assets are recorded at estimated fair market value at the date of donation.

The costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend asset lives are not capitalized.

Major outlays for capital assets and improvements are capitalized as projects are constructed. Interest incurred during the construction phase of capital assets of business-type activities is included as part of the capitalized value of the assets constructed.

Property, plant and equipment of the primary government, is depreciated using the straight-line method over the following estimated useful lives:

Assets	Years
Buildings	50
Buildings improvements	20
Distribution and collection systems	50-65
Public domain infrastructure	50
System infrastructure	30
Machinery and equipment	5-20

Capital assets are reported as expenditures (capital outlay) and no depreciation expense is reported in the governmental fund financial statements.

#### H. Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources

In addition to assets, the statement of net position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred outflows of resources, represents a consumption of net position or fund balance that applies to a future period or periods and so will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense/expenditure) until then. The Town reports a deferred charge on refunding in the government-wide statement of net position. A deferred charge on refunding results from the difference in the carrying value of refunded debt and its reacquisition price. This amount is deferred and amortized over the shorter of the life of the refunded or refunding debt.

In addition to liabilities, the statement of net position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred inflows of resources, represents an acquisition of net position or fund balance that applies to a future period or periods and so will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time. The Town reports advance property tax collections, advance summer school collections and advance school lunch sales in the government-wide statement of net position and in the governmental funds balance sheet. Advance collections represent taxes and fees inherently associated with a future period. This amount is recognized during the period in which the revenue is associated. Also, for governmental funds, the Town reports unavailable revenue, which arises only under the modified accrual basis of accounting. The governmental funds report unavailable revenues from several sources: property taxes, school construction receivables, and other receivables. These amounts are deferred and recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) in the period in which amounts become available.

#### I. Compensated Absences

Employees earn annual leave or vacation time according to the terms of the union contract that applies to them. Such amounts are liquidated within the functional cost area in which the employee's payroll is paid.

Annual leave, vacation and sick pay are accrued when incurred in proprietary funds and reported as a fund liability. Annual leave, vacation and sick pay that is expected to be liquidated with expendable available financial resources is reported as an expenditure and a liability of the governmental fund that will pay it. Amounts not expected to be paid with expendable available financial resources are not reported in governmental funds. No expenditure is reported for these amounts.

Liabilities for compensated absences, including the current portion, are reported in the government-wide statement of net position. A liability for these amounts is reported in governmental funds only if they have matured, for example, as a result of employee resignations and retirements.

#### J. Long-Term Obligations

In the government-wide financial statements, and proprietary fund types in the fund financial statements, long-term debt and other long-term obligations are reported as liabilities in the applicable governmental activities, business-type activities or proprietary fund type statement of net position. Bond premiums and discounts, are deferred and amortized over the life of the bonds using the effective interest method. Bonds payable are reported net of any significant applicable bond premium or discount. Significant bond issuance costs, whether or not withheld from the actual debt proceeds received, are reported as debt service expenditures.

In the fund financial statements, governmental fund types recognize bond premiums and discounts, as well as bond issuance costs, during the current period. The face amount of debt issued is reported as other financing sources. Premiums received on debt issuances are reported as other financing sources while discounts on debt issuances are reported as other financing uses. Issuance costs, whether or not withheld from the actual debt proceeds received, are reported as debt service expenditures. Principal payments on bonds are reported as expenditures as they become due.

#### K. Fund Equity

Equity in the government-wide financial statements is defined as "net position" and is classified in the following categories:

Net Investment in Capital Assets - This component of net position consists of capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation and reduced by the outstanding balances of any bonds, notes or other borrowings that are attributable to the acquisition, construction or improvement of those assets.

Restricted Net Position - Net position is restricted because it is externally imposed by creditors (such as through debt covenants), grantors, contributors or laws or regulations of other governments or imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.

Unrestricted Net Position - This component consists of net position that does not meet the definition of "restricted" or "net investment in capital assets."

The equity of the fund financial statements is defined as "fund balance" and is classified in the following categories:

Nonspendable Fund Balance - This represents amounts that cannot be spent due to form (e.g., inventories and prepaid amounts).

Restricted Fund Balance - This represents amounts constrained for a specific purpose by external parties, such as grantors, creditors, contributors or laws and regulations of their governments.

Committed Fund Balance - This represents amounts constrained for a specific purpose by a government using its highest level of decision-making authority (Town of Trumbull, Town Council). The Town Council can commit fund balance through the adoption of a resolution prior to the end of the fiscal year. Once adopted, the limitation imposed by the resolution remains in place until similar action is taken to remove or revise the limitation.

Assigned Fund Balance - This balance represents amounts constrained for the intent to be used for a specific purpose by the Town Council or delegated authority to assign amounts by the Town Council.

Unassigned Fund Balance - This represents fund balance in the General Fund in excess of nonspendable, restricted, committed and assigned fund balance. If another governmental fund has a fund balance deficit, it is reported as a negative amount in unassigned fund balance.

## 2. STEWARDSHIP, COMPLIANCE AND ACCOUNTABILITY

#### A. Budgetary Information

Annual budgets are legally adopted for the General Fund and the two Enterprise Funds, WPCA and Golf Course. The budget is prepared on a modified accrual basis.

The Town follows these procedures in establishing budgetary data reflected in the financial statements:

- Department heads, officers and agencies of the Town file estimates of expenditures to be made and revenues to be collected in the upcoming year to the First Selectman. The First Selectman submits the proposed budget to the Board of Finance who adopts and approves the budget proposed, or makes changes in any estimates or appropriations contained in the proposed budget as deemed proper. The Board of Finance then recommends budgets, as revised, for adoption by the Town Council. Under the new Charter, taxpayers can petition for a referendum.
- The budget is legally adopted by the Town Council.
- The Board of Finance is authorized to transfer budgeted amounts between departmental appropriations. Subsequent appropriations must be approved by the Board of Finance and the Town Council if they are in excess of \$2,000. Additional appropriations of \$1,025,438 were approved during the fiscal year.
- The legal level of control (the level at which expenditures may not legally exceed appropriations) is at the department level.

• Appropriations for capital projects do not lapse until completion of the applicable projects. All General Fund unexpended appropriations lapse at year end.

The Town does not have legally adopted annual budgets for its special revenue funds because budgetary control is alternatively achieved by constraints imposed by the project authorization and grant awards related to these funds. The Town does not have legally adopted budgets for its fiduciary funds.

The Town's budgeting system requires accounting for certain transactions to be on a basis other than GAAP. The major difference between the budgetary and GAAP basis is that encumbrances are recognized as a charge against a budget appropriation in the year in which the purchase order is issued and, accordingly, encumbrances outstanding at year-end are recorded in budgetary reports as expenditures of the current year, whereas, on a GAAP basis, encumbrances are recorded as reservations of fund balance.

	Revenues and Other Financing Sources	Expenditures and Other Financing Uses
Balance, budgetary basis	\$ 150,199,972	\$ 152,158,632
Encumbrances outstanding at June 30, 2013, liquidated during the year ended June 30, 2014		779,796
Encumbrances outstanding at June 30, 2014, charged to budgetary expenditures during the year ended June 30, 2014		(369,261)
Premium on bonds	137,741	
Refunding activities not budgeted for	8,606,425	8,494,259
Amounts net for budgetary purposes	160,550	160,550
State Teachers' Retirement on-behalf payment	12,125,975	12,125,975
GASB 54 reclassifications	2,249,339	 2,170,964
Balance, GAAP Basis	\$ 173,480,002	\$ 175,520,915

#### 3. CASH, CASH EQUIVALENTS AND INVESTMENTS

The deposit of public funds is controlled by the Connecticut General Statutes (Section 7-402). Deposits may be made in a "qualified public depository" as defined by Statute or, in amounts not exceeding the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation insurance limit, in an "out of state bank" as defined by the Statutes, which is not a "qualified public depository."

The Connecticut General Statutes (Section 7-400) permit municipalities to invest in: 1) obligations of the United States and its agencies, 2) highly rated obligations of any state of the United States or of any political subdivision, authority or agency thereof, and 3) shares or other interests in custodial arrangements or pools

maintaining constant net asset values and in highly rated no-load open end money market and mutual funds (with constant or fluctuating net asset values) whose portfolios are limited to obligations of the United States and its agencies, and repurchase agreements fully collateralized by such obligations. Other provisions of the Statutes cover specific municipal funds with particular investment authority. The provisions of the Statutes regarding the investment of municipal pension funds do not specify permitted investments. Therefore, investment of such funds is generally controlled by the laws applicable to fiduciaries and the provisions of the applicable plan.

The Statutes (Sections 3-24f and 3-27f) also provide for investment in shares of the State Short-Term Investment Fund (STIF). These investment pools are under the control of the State Treasurer, with oversight provided by the Treasurer's Cash Management Advisory Board, and are regulated under the State Statutes and subject to annual audit by the Auditors of Public Accounts. Investment yields are accounted for on an amortized-cost basis with an investment portfolio that is designed to attain a market-average rate of return throughout budgetary and economic cycles. Investors accrue interest daily based on actual earnings, less expenses and transfers to the designated surplus reserve, and the fair value of the position in the pool is the same as the value of the pool shares.

# **Deposits**

Deposit Custodial Credit Risk - Custodial credit risk is the risk that, in the event of a bank failure, the Town's deposit will not be returned. The Town has a policy that deposits can include demand and savings accounts and certificates of deposit. The Town's policy for custodial credit risk is to follow the State statutes for coverage of its deposits. The deposit of public funds is controlled by the Connecticut General Statutes. Deposits may be placed with any qualified public depository that has its main place of business in the state of Connecticut. Connecticut General Statutes require that each depository maintain segregated collateral (not required to be based on a security agreement between the depository and the municipality and, therefore, not perfected in accordance with federal law) in an amount equal to a defined percentage of its public deposits based upon the depository's risk-based capital ratio.

Based on the criteria described in GASB Statement No. 40, *Deposits and Investment Risk Disclosures*, \$36,142,110 of the Town's bank balance of \$36,968,335 was exposed to custodial credit risk as follows:

Uninsured and uncollateralized	\$ 32,493,035
Uninsured and collateral held by the pledging bank's	
trust department, not in the Town's name	3,649,075
•	
Total Amount Subject to Custodial Credit Risk	\$ 36,142,110

#### **Cash Equivalents**

Cash equivalents are short-term, highly liquid investments that are both readily convertible to known amounts of cash and purchased within 90 days of maturity. At June 30, 2014, the Town's cash equivalents amounted to \$3,552,472. The following table provides a summary of the Town's cash equivalents (excluding U.S. Government guaranteed obligations) as rated by nationally recognized statistical rating organizations.

	Standard & Poor's
State Short-Term Investment Fund (STIF)	AAAm
Cutwater - Cooperative Liquid Assets	
Securities System (CLASS)	AAAm
Bank of America Money Market*	
Infinex Financial Group*	
UBS Financial Services*	
Wells Fargo Money Market*	

<sup>\*</sup>Not rated

B. Investments

Investments as of June 30, 2014 in all funds are as follows:

					<b>Investment Maturities (Years)</b>				ears)
	Credit		Fair	_	Less				More
Investment Type	Rating	_	Value	_	Than 1	_	1-10	_	Than 10
Interest-bearing investments:									
U.S. Treasury Notes		\$	4,348,057	\$		\$	4,348,057	\$	
Government-Backed Securities	AAA		2,001,603				1,474,447		527,156
Government-Backed Securities	A-		80,905				80,905		
Government-Backed Securities	N/A		3,040,037				48,205		2,991,832
Corporate Bonds	AAA		1,606,215				415,509		1,190,706
Corporate Bonds	AA+		138,481				99,772		38,709
Corporate Bonds	AA		219,584		50,665		106,266		62,653
Corporate Bonds	A+		464,174				425,049		39,125
Corporate Bonds	AA-		169,827				82,533		87,294
Corporate Bonds	A-		453,912				398,608		55,304
Corporate Bonds	A		714,387		101,890		612,497		
Corporate Bonds	BBB+		1,170,857		182,375		923,884		64,598
Corporate Bonds	BB+		19,475		19,475				
Corporate Bonds	BBB		1,374,901		30,749		1,344,152		
Corporate Bonds	BBB-		552,812				510,619		42,193
Corporate Bonds	BB-		51,756				51,756		
Corporate Bonds	N/A		5,435,978				115,207		5,320,771
Foreign Bonds	AA+		170,720				170,720		
Foreign Bonds	A+		60,376				60,376		
Foreign Bonds	A		136,734		85,077		51,657		
Foreign Bonds	AA-		103,844				103,844		
Foreign Bonds	A-		180,498				180,498		
Foreign Bonds	BBB+		26,246				26,246		
Foreign Bonds	BBB		307,336				307,336		
Foreign Bonds	BBB-		62,581				62,581		
Certificate of deposit	N/A		1,421,237	_	1,407,491	_	13,746	_	
Total interest-bearing investments				\$	1,877,722	\$_	7,666,413	\$_	10,420,341
Other investments:									
Equitable securities (stock)	N/A		27,346,530						
Property funds	N/A		436,556						
Mutual funds	N/A	_	32,088,686						
Total Investments		\$_	84,184,305						

Interest Rate Risk - The Town and the pension policies limit their exposure to fair value losses arising from changes in interest rates by structuring the investment portfolio so that securities mature to meet cash requirements for ongoing operations and pension payments, thereby avoiding the need to sell securities on the open market prior to maturity, and investing idle funds primarily in shorter-term securities, money market mutual funds, or similar investment pools.

Credit Risk - Investments - The Town's investment policy minimizes credit risk by limiting investments to the safest types of securities, prequalifying the financial institution, broker/dealers, intermediaries and advisers, and diversifying the investment portfolio so that potential losses on individual securities will be minimized.

Concentration of Credit Risk - The Town and the pension policies are to maintain a diversified portfolio to minimize the risk of loss resulting from over concentration of assets in a specific issuer.

Custodial Credit Risk - Custodial credit risk for an investment is the risk that, in the event of the failure of the counterparty (the institution that pledges collateral or repurchase agreement securities to the Town or that sells investments to or buys them for the Town), the Town will not be able to recover the value of its investments or collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. At June 30, 2014, the Town's investments, other than open-end mutual funds and other pooled accounts that are not categorized as to custodial credit risk, were uninsured and unregistered securities held by the counterparty, or by its trust department or agent, and were not in the Town's name.

## 4. RECEIVABLES

Receivables as of year end for the Town's individual major funds and nonmajor, internal service and fiduciary funds in the aggregate, including the applicable allowances for uncollectible accounts, are as follows:

	-	General	_	WPCA	_	Funds	. –	Total
Receivables:								
Taxes	\$	4,621,072	\$		\$		\$	4,621,072
Other deferred taxes		3,143,156						3,143,156
Interest on taxes*		1,226,491						1,226,491
Accounts		460,882		1,222,854		667,827		2,351,563
Intergovernmental		1,483,496				1,581,453		3,064,949
Special assessments	-		_	42,347,465	_			42,347,465
Gross receivables		10,935,097		43,570,319		2,249,280		56,754,696
Less allowance for uncollectibles	-	(750,000)	. <u>-</u>	(150,000)	· <u>-</u>			(900,000)
Net Total Receivables	\$	10,185,097	\$_	43,420,319	\$_	2,249,280	\$	55,854,696

<sup>\*</sup> Interest on property taxes is not included in the fund financial statements.

## 5. CAPITAL ASSETS

Capital asset activity for the year ended June 30, 2014 was as follows:

	Beginning Balance	 Increases	_	<b>Decreases</b>	-	Ending Balance
Governmental activities: Capital assets not being depreciated:						
Land	\$ 39,152,665	\$ 	\$		\$	39,152,665
Construction in progress  Total capital assets not being depreciated	64,292,502 103,445,167	7,468,568 7,468,568	_	371,087 371,087	-	71,389,983 110,542,648
Total capital assets not being depreciated	103,443,107	7,400,300	-	3/1,06/	-	110,342,046
Capital assets being depreciated:						
Land improvements	11,202,747	886,400				12,089,147
Buildings and improvements	142,220,234	566,024				142,786,258
Machinery and equipment Vehicles	11,791,326 9,789,263	536,614 1,027,150		383,617		12,327,940 10,432,796
Infrastructure	62,642,318	2,192,371		303,017		64,834,689
Total capital assets being depreciated	237,645,888	 5,208,559	_	383,617		242,470,830
Less accumulated depreciation for:						
Land improvements	7,002,010	394,290				7,396,300
Buildings and improvements	58,321,737	3,519,118				61,840,855
Machinery and equipment	8,649,016	417,462				9,066,478
Vehicles	5,993,083	660,774		360,349		6,293,508
Infrastructure  Total accumulated depreciation	40,872,142 120,837,988	1,022,575 6,014,219	-	360,349	-	41,894,717 126,491,858
Total accumulated depreciation	120,637,988	 0,014,219	-	300,347	-	120,491,636
Total capital assets being depreciated, net	116,807,900	 (805,660)	_	23,268	-	115,978,972
Governmental Activities Capital Assets, Net	\$ 220,253,067	\$ 6,662,908	\$_	394,355	\$	226,521,620
Business-type activities:						
Capital assets not being depreciated:						
Land	\$ 1,962,013	\$	\$		\$	1,962,013
Construction in progress	29,125,522	 2,528,474	_		-	31,653,996
Total capital assets not being depreciated	31,087,535	2,528,474	_		-	33,616,009
Capital assets being depreciated:						
Land improvements	3,722,971					3,722,971
Building and improvements  Machinery and equipment	2,550,730 1,059,144	20.640		116 175		2,550,730
Vehicles	1,039,144	29,649		116,475		972,318 111,467
Infrastructure	88,228,072					88,228,072
Total capital assets being depreciated	95,672,384	 29,649	-	116,475	-	95,585,558
Less accumulated depreciation for:						
Land improvements	977,310	84,645				1,061,955
Building and improvements	1,301,346	52,609				1,353,955
Machinery and equipment	691,154	62,630		116,475		637,309
Vehicles	111,467					111,467
Infrastructure	25,247,255	 1,717,792	_	116 475	-	26,965,047
Total accumulated depreciation	28,328,532	1,917,676	-	116,475	-	30,129,733
Total capital assets being depreciated, net	67,343,852	 (1,888,027)	_	-	-	65,455,825
Business-Type Activities Capital Assets, Net	\$ 98,431,387	\$ 640,447	\$	-	\$	99,071,834

Depreciation expense was charged to functions/programs of the primary government as follows:

Governmental activities:		
Board of Education	\$	3,568,192
General Government		155,359
Social Services		65,832
Public Works		1,329,835
Public Safety		468,167
Libraries		105,798
Recreation and Parks	_	321,036
Total Depreciation Expense - Governmental Activities	\$_	6,014,219
Business-type activities		
WPCA	\$	1,753,043
Golf Fund	_	164,633
	_	
Total Depreciation Expense - Business-Type Activities	\$_	1,917,676

## 6. INTERFUND RECEIVABLES, PAYABLES AND TRANSFERS

The composition of interfund balances as of June 30, 2014 is as follows:

Receivable Fund	Payable Fund		Amount
Nonmajor governmental funds	General fund	\$	4,514,610
General Fund	Nonmajor governmental funds		5,022,558
Five Year Capital Plan	General fund		3,470,020
WPCA	General fund		12,017,751
Golf Course	General fund		1,112,746
Internal Service	General fund		5,266,651
Private Purpose Trust	General fund		1,218,435
General Fund	Internal Service	_	1,164,923
		\$	33,787,694

Interfund receivables and payables generally represent temporary balances arising from reimbursement-type transactions.

Advances from/to other funds:

Receivable Fund	Payable Fund	 Amount
General Fund	Nonmajor governmental funds	\$ 1,655,056

#### Interfund loans:

On June 30, 2013, the General Fund issued a loan for \$400,000, with an interest rate of 2.75% and a maturity date of June 30, 2028, to the Golf Course Fund. The balance remaining between the funds at June 30, 2014 was \$378,096.

#### Interfund transfers:

	_	Transfers I	Total	
	-	General	_	Transfers Out
Transfers out:				
WPCA	\$	416,402	\$	416,402
Nonmajor governmental		180,000		180,000
Golf Course		208,774		208,774
	-	_		
Total Transfers In	\$	805,176	\$_	805,176

The above transfers represent normal budgetary and other recurring transfers.

### 7. LONG-TERM DEBT

### **Changes in Long-Term Liabilities**

Long-term liability activity for the year ended June 30, 2014 was as follows:

		Beginning						Ending		Due Within
		Balance		Additions		Reductions		Balance		One Year
Governmental Funds:										
Bonds payable:										
General obligation bonds	\$	92,286,720	\$	14,449,000	\$	15,630,540	\$	91,105,180	\$	7,697,540
Premium on bonds		3,549,149	_	900,166		600,304		3,849,011	_	
Total bonds payable	•	95,835,869		15,349,166		16,230,844		94,954,191	_	7,697,540
Other liabilities:										
Insurance claims		2,936,474		18,187,116		16,944,100		4,179,490		582,524
Other claims and judgments		125,000		35,000		125,000		35,000		35,000
Net pension obligation		54,417,998		759,636				55,177,634		
Compensated absences		4,878,078		290,899				5,168,977		1,371,640
Net OPEB obligation		6,179,102	_	978,752				7,157,854	_	
									_	_
Total Governmental Activities										
Long-Term Liabilities	\$	164,372,521	\$	35,600,569	\$	33,299,944	\$	166,673,146	\$	9,686,704
Danda massablar							-		_	
Bonds payable:	Φ	(7.122.200	Φ	7 171 000	Φ	c 270 4c0	Φ	60.004.000	Φ	4 927 460
General obligation bonds	\$	67,133,280	<b>&gt;</b>	7,171,000	<b>3</b>	6,279,460	<b>2</b>	68,024,820	<b>Þ</b>	4,827,460
Premium on bonds		1,907,646		315,289		234,485		1,988,450	_	1.025.150
Total bonds payable		69,040,926		7,486,289		6,513,945		70,013,270		4,827,460
Compensated absences	ı	104,504		15,681				120,185	_	19,374
Business-Type Activities										
Long-Term Liabilities	\$	69,145,430	\$	7,501,970	\$	6,513,945	\$	70,133,455	\$	4,846,834

### **Bonds Payable**

The Town issues general obligation bonds to provide funds for the acquisition and construction of major capital facilities. General obligation bonds have been issued for both governmental and business-type activities.

General obligation bonds are direct obligations of the Town for which full faith and credit are pledged and are payable from taxes levied on all taxable properties located within the Town. Certain general obligation bonds are to be repaid by revenues of the enterprise funds. General obligation bonds currently outstanding are as follows:

Description	Date of Issue	Date of Maturity	Interest Rate (%)	Amount of Original Issue	Annual Principal	Balance Outstanding June 30, 2014
Governmental:						
General purpose:						
General obligation	9/1/07	9/1/27	4-5%	\$ 11,965,000	various	\$ 646,000
General obligation refunding	8/19/08	8/19/21	3.25-5%	5,241,880	various	3,349,180
General obligation	9/1/08	9/1/28	3-5%	831,000	various	625,000
General obligation	9/1/09	9/1/29	2.25-4.05%	5,850,000	various	4,680,000
General obligation refunding	10/6/09	9/15/23	3-5%	17,523,000	various	14,434,000
General obligation refunding	9/1/10	9/15/23	3-5%	5,050,000	various	1,665,000
General obligation	9/1/10	9/1/28	3-5%	10,000,000	various	8,500,000
General obligation	9/1/11	9/1/31	2-4%	14,310,000	various	12,880,000
General obligation refunding	3/15/12	9/1/30	2-4%	14,862,000	various	14,772,000
General obligation	9/1/12	9/1/32	2-3%	15,900,000	various	15,105,000
General obligation	9/1/13	9/1/33	2.5-4.5%	6,605,000	various	6,605,000
General obligation	3/12/14	9/1/27	3-5%	7,844,000	various	7,844,000
Total governmental activities						91,105,180
Business-Type:						
General purpose:						
General obligation	9/1/07	9/1/27	4-5.5%	2,890,000	various	154,000
General obligation refunding	8/19/08	8/19/21	3.25-5%	2,790,180	various	1,300,820
General obligation	9/1/08	9/1/28	3-5%	17,374,000	various	13,025,000
General obligation	9/1/09	9/1/29	2.25-4.05%	4,150,000	various	3,320,000
General obligation refunding	10/6/09	9/15/23	3-5%	7,967,000	various	5,956,000
General obligation refunding	9/15/10	9/15/23	3-5%	130,000	various	35,000
General obligation	9/1/10	9/1/29	2.25-4.05%	12,000,000	various	10,200,000
General obligation	9/1/11	9/1/31	2-4%	12,000,000	various	10,800,000
General obligation refunding	3/15/12	9/1/30	2-4%	11,208,000	various	10,838,000
General obligation	9/1/12	9/1/32	2-3%	5,500,000	various	5,225,000
General obligation	9/1/13	9/1/33	2.5-4.5%	5,000,000	various	5,000,000
General obligation	3/12/14	9/1/27	3-5%	2,171,000	various	2,171,000
Total business-type activities						68,024,820
Total Outstanding						\$ 159,130,000

The annual requirements to amortize bonds payable as of June 30, 2014 are as follows:

		Governme	ntal	Activities
		Principal		Interest
	_		'	_
2015	\$	7,697,540	\$	2,999,542
2016		7,556,090		2,768,084
2017		7,303,090		2,486,037
2018		7,367,690		2,202,007
2019		6,263,690		1,939,142
2020-2024		28,784,080		6,463,953
2025-2029		17,850,500		2,771,460
2030-2034	_	8,282,500	_	541,801
	\$_	91,105,180	\$_	22,172,026
	_	<b>Business-T</b>	уре	Activities
	_	Business-T Principal	ype_	Activities Interest
2015	- - \$	Principal	_	Interest
2015	\$	<b>Principal</b> 4,827,460	<b>ype</b> - \$	2,277,700
2016	<u>-</u> \$	4,827,460 4,818,910	_	2,277,700 2,130,739
2016 2017	<b>-</b> \$	4,827,460 4,818,910 4,876,910	_	2,277,700 2,130,739 1,964,285
2016 2017 2018	<u>-</u> \$	4,827,460 4,818,910 4,876,910 4,927,310	_	2,277,700 2,130,739 1,964,285 1,789,222
2016 2017 2018 2019	<b>-</b> \$	4,827,460 4,818,910 4,876,910 4,927,310 4,701,310	_	2,277,700 2,130,739 1,964,285 1,789,222 1,609,706
2016 2017 2018 2019 2020-2024	\$	4,827,460 4,818,910 4,876,910 4,927,310 4,701,310 22,060,920	_	2,277,700 2,130,739 1,964,285 1,789,222 1,609,706 5,575,823
2016 2017 2018 2019 2020-2024 2025-2029	\$	4,827,460 4,818,910 4,876,910 4,927,310 4,701,310 22,060,920 16,254,500	_	2,277,700 2,130,739 1,964,285 1,789,222 1,609,706 5,575,823 2,372,357
2016 2017 2018 2019 2020-2024	\$	4,827,460 4,818,910 4,876,910 4,927,310 4,701,310 22,060,920	_	2,277,700 2,130,739 1,964,285 1,789,222 1,609,706 5,575,823

The following is a schedule of bond anticipation note activity for the year ended June 30, 2014:

	_	Governmental Activities	_	Business-Type Activities WPCA	_	Total
Balance, July 1, 2013 Issued	\$	12,426,000 9,521,000	\$	5,000,000	\$	17,426,000 9,521,000
Retired	_	(12,426,000)		(5,000,000)	_	(17,426,000)
Balance, June 30, 2014	\$_	9,521,000	\$		\$_	9,521,000

The above retired note with an interest rate of 1.25% matured on September 6, 2013. The issued notes had an interest rate of 1.25% and mature on September 5, 2014.

#### **General Obligation Bonds - New Issue**

On August 22, 2013, the Town issued \$11,605,000 of general obligation bonds with interest rates ranging from 2.5% to 4.5% payable in annual installments ranging from \$580,000 to \$585,000. The bonds mature on September 1, 2033.

#### **General Obligation Bonds - Advance Refunding**

On February 26, 2014, the Town issued \$10,015,000 of general obligation refunding bonds with interest rates ranging from 3% to 5% to currently refund the outstanding principal amounts of \$8,375,000 General Obligation Refunding Bonds, Issue of 2004, dated December 14, 2004 and \$14,855,000 General Obligations Bonds, Issue of 2007, dated August 29,2007.

The net proceeds of \$10,845,232 (including a premium of \$973,443 and issuance costs of \$143,211, including underwriter's fees) will reduce total debt service payments over the next 14 years by approximately \$955,199 and represents an economic gain (difference between present values of the debt service payments on the old and new debt) of \$909,800. As a result, the refunded bonds are considered defeased, and all future interest and principal on the defeased bonds will be paid from the proceeds of the refunding issue which were placed into an irrevocable escrow account until all the defeased bonds have been called. The balance in escrow was \$6,627,578 at June 30, 2014. The outstanding balance of the defeased bonds as of June 30, 2014 is \$10,620,000.

#### **Prior Year Defeasance of Debt**

In prior years, the Town had defeased certain general obligation bonds by placing the proceeds of new bonds in an irrevocable trust to provide for all future debt service payments on the old bonds. Accordingly, the trust account assets and the liability for the defeased bonds are not included in the Town's financial statements. The balance in escrow was \$2,449,201 at June 30, 2014. The outstanding balance of the defeased bonds as of June 30, 2014 is \$2,400,000.

The Town's indebtedness does not exceed the legal debt limitation as required by the Connecticut General Statutes as reflected in the following schedule (in thousands):

Category	 Debt Limit	-	Net Indebtedness	_	Balance
General purpose	\$ 310,101	\$	51,216	\$	258,885
Schools	620,203		77,877		542,326
Sewers	516,836		65,641		451,195
Urban renewal	447,924				447,924
Pension deficit	413,468				413,468

The total overall statutory debt limit for the Town is equal to seven times annual receipts from taxation, or \$965 million.

#### **Authorized but Unissued Bonds**

The total of authorized but unissued bonds (net of projected grants) at June 30, 2014 is \$26,083,006. In some cases, interim financing is obtained through bond anticipation notes or other short-term borrowings until the issuance of long-term debt.

### 8. FUND BALANCE

The components of fund balance for the governmental funds at June 30, 2014 are as follows:

				Five Year Capital	G	Nonmajor overnmental		
	_	General	. <u>-</u>	Plan	_	Funds	_	Total
Fund balances:								
Nonspendable:								
Inventory	\$		\$		\$	29,172	\$	29,172
Permanent funds						194,620		194,620
Advances		1,655,056						1,655,056
Restricted for:								
Grants						75,260		75,260
Committed to:								
General government		25,815				84,318		110,133
Public safety						1,629,079		1,629,079
Health and welfare						6,034		6,034
Libraries						2,547		2,547
Education		1,501,820				425,510		1,927,330
Capital projects						2,190,118		2,190,118
Debt service						709,353		709,353
Assigned to:								
General government		182,126						182,126
Public works		126,580						126,580
Public safety		23,685						23,685
Health and welfare		208						208
Libraries		2,345						2,345
Parks and recreation		21,504						21,504
Education		12,816						12,816
Unassigned	_	15,234,809	. <u>-</u>	(6,888,899)		(5,415,505)	_	2,930,405
Total Fund Balances	\$ _	18,786,764	\$_	(6,888,899)	\$	(69,494)	\$_	11,828,371

Significant encumbrances at June 30, 2014 are contained in the above table in the assigned categories of the General Fund.

The Town had deficits in the following funds:

Five Year Capital Plan	\$ 6,888,899
Millington League Settlement	75,853
Police Funds	37
Land Acquisition	1,655,056
LOCIP	237,832
Resurfacing of Tennis Courts	4,670
Daniels Farm Road Bridge	17,571
Rails to Trails	211,191
New Elementary School	425,928
BOE Capital Projects	2,787,367

These deficits will be funded by General Fund contributions and general obligation bonds.

#### 9. RISK MANAGEMENT

The Town is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to and health of employees; and natural disasters. These risks are covered by commercial insurance purchased from independent third parties, except as disclosed below. The amount of settlements has not exceeded insurance coverage in any of the past three years.

### Workers' Compensation and Heart and Hypertension

The Town maintains stop loss insurance on workers' compensation and heart and hypertension claims. The Town's maximum exposure for the year ended June 30, 2014 was \$1,000,000 in the aggregate and \$500,000 per incident. The Town and its actuary estimate a liability for both workers' compensation claims payable and for claims incurred but not reported.

At June 30, 2014, \$3,068,622 has been accrued for self-insurance claims payable and for incurred but not reported claims related to worker compensation and heart and hypertension claims.

Claims and liabilities are estimated based on claims paid for the year. Claim transactions for the last two years for the entire program are as follows:

	_	Accrued Liability Beginning of Fiscal Year	 Current Year Claims Paid and Changes in Estimates	 Accrued Liability Claim Payments	 Accrued Liability End of Fiscal Year
2013-14 2012-13	\$	2,936,474 2,516,651	\$ 1,237,023 1,706,264	\$ 1,104,875 2,126,087	\$ 3,068,622 2,936,474

#### **Medical Self-Insurance**

The Town's self-insurance program is used to account for health insurance coverage for Town and Board of Education employees on a cost-reimbursement basis. Under the program, the Town is obligated for claim payments. The Town and Board of Education have a stop loss insurance contract executed with an insurance carrier that covers claims in excess of 120% and 110% respectively of expected claim payments in the aggregate and over \$125,000 and \$175,000 respectively per individual, per year.

The Town does not maintain stop loss coverage with respect to dental or prescription drug claims.

The Fund establishes claims liabilities based on estimates of claims that have been incurred but not reported; accordingly, the Fund recorded an additional liability at June 30, 2014 of \$1,110,868. Premium payments are reported as interfund services provided and used for the General Fund, and, accordingly, they are treated as operating revenues of the Insurance Reserve Fund and operating expenditures of the General Fund.

Claims and liabilities are estimated based on claims paid for the year. Claim transactions for the last two years for the entire program are as follows:

	_	Accrued Liability Beginning of Fiscal Year	 Current Year Claims Paid and Changes in Estimates	 Accrued Liability Claim Payments	 Accrued Liability End of Fiscal Year	
2013-14	\$	-	\$ 15,707,077	\$ 14,596,209	\$ 1,110,868	

#### 10. OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS

#### A. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

Basis of Accounting - The financial statements of the Other Postemployment Benefits Fund are prepared using the accrual basis of accounting. Plan member contributions are recognized in the period in which the contributions are due. Employer contributions are recognized when due and the employer has made a formal commitment to provide the contributions. Benefits and refunds are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the terms of the plan. Administrative costs of the plan are paid by the Town.

#### **B. Plan Description**

The Town provides post-retirement benefits for certain employees for current and future health and life insurance benefit expenses through a single-employer defined benefit plan. An annual actuarial valuation is made to determine whether the contributions are sufficient to meet the plan obligations. The Town does not issue a separate stand-alone financial statement for this plan.

At July 1, 2012, plan membership consisted of the following:

	Post- Retirement Medical Program
Retired members Active plan members	68 1,195
Total Participants	1,263

#### C. Funding Policy

The Town provides post-retirement benefits for certain employees for current future health and life insurance benefit expenses through a single-employer defined benefit plan. An actuarial valuation is made to determine whether the contributions are sufficient to meet the plan obligations. In fiscal year 2009, the Town established a trust fund to irrevocably segregate assets to fund the liability associated with postemployment benefits in accordance with GASB guidelines. The Town is currently developing a funding strategy to provide for normal cost and the amortization of the accrued liability. The Town anticipates a commitment to fund normal cost and a long-term approach to the amortization of the actuarial accrued liability. The goal is to absorb, within the budgetary process, the actual cost of benefits in the determination of the costs of providing services to taxpayers.

The Town's funding strategy for postemployment obligations are based upon characteristics of benefits on each distinct group of employees established within their respective collective bargaining units.

#### D. Annual OPEB Cost and Net OPEB Obligations

The Town of Trumbull's annual other postemployment benefit (OPEB) cost is calculated based on the annual required contribution (ARC), an amount actuarially determined in accordance with the parameters of GASB Statement 45. The ARC represents a level of funding that, if paid on an ongoing basis, is projected to cover normal cost each year and amortize any unfunded actuarial liabilities (or funding excess) over a period not to exceed thirty years. The following table shows the components of the Town's annual OPEB cost for the year, the amount actually contributed to the plan, and changes in the Town's net OPEB obligation:

	Other Postemployment Benefits Fund
Annual required contribution (ARC)  Interest on net OPEB obligation	1,690,713 278,060
Adjustment to annual required contribution	(225,520)
Annual OPEB cost Contributions made	1,743,253 764,501
Increase in net OPEB obligation Net OPEB obligation at beginning of year	978,752 6,179,102
Net OPEB obligation at end of year	7,157,854

The Town's annual OPEB cost, the percentage of annual OPEB cost contributed to the plan, and the net OPEB obligation for the fiscal years ended June 30, 2014, 2013 and 2012 is presented below.

Fiscal Year Ended	 Annual OPEB Cost (AOC)	 Actual Contribution	Percentage of AOC Contributed	. <u>.</u>	Net OPEB Obligation
6/30/14	\$ 1,743,253	\$ 764,501	43.85%	\$	7,157,854
6/30/13	1,756,529	929,628	52.92		6,179,102
6/30/12	1,961,359	556,045	28.35		5,352,201

Actuarial valuations of an ongoing plan involve estimates of the value of reported amounts and assumptions about the probability of occurrence of events far into the future. Examples include assumptions about future employment, mortality and the healthcare cost trend. Amounts determined regarding the funded status of the plan and the annual required contributions of the employer are subject to continual revision as accrual results are compared with past expectations and new estimates are made about the future.

#### **Schedule of Funding Progress**

Actuarial Valuation Date	 Actuarial Value of Assets (a)	 Actuarial Accrued Liability (AAL) (b)	-	Unfunded AAL (UAAL) (b-a)	Funded Ratio (a/b)	-	Covered Payroll (c)	UAAL as a Percentage of Covered Payroll ((b-a)/c)
7/1/12 7/1/10 7/1/08	\$ 26,309 82,120 18,674	\$ 27,544,001 26,148,998 23,661,376	\$	27,517,692 26,066,878 23,642,702	0.10% 0.32 0.08	\$	79,418,708 75,396,441 68,878,313	34.65% 34.57 34.33

#### **Schedule of Employer Contribution**

Fiscal Year	 Annual Required Contribution	Percentage Contributed
6/30/14	\$ 1,690,713	45.22%
6/30/13	1,711,014	54.33
6/30/12	1,961,359	28.35

Projections for benefits for financial reporting purposes are based on the substantive plan (the plan as understood by the employer and plan members) and include the types of benefits provided at the time of each valuation and the historical pattern of sharing benefit costs between the employer and plan members to that point. The actuarial methods and assumptions used include techniques that are designed to reduce the effects of short-term volatility in actuarial accrued liabilities and the actuarial value of assets, consistent with the long-term perspective of the calculations.

In the July 1, 2012 actuarial valuation, the projected unit credit actuarial cost method was used. The actuarial assumptions include a 4.5% investment rate of return, which reflects that the Town has established an OPEB trust and is prefunding its OPEB benefits. The annual healthcare cost trend rate assumption is set at 8% for the 2012 year, declining 1% per year, until a final assumed rate of 5% is reached in 2015 and for future years. The general inflation assumption is included in the health care cost trend rate assumption. Projected salary increases were 4.0%. The actuarial value of assets was determined using the closed group method. The UAAL is being amortized as a level percentage of projected payroll on an open basis over a 30-year period.

#### 11. EMPLOYEE RETIREMENT SYSTEMS AND PENSION PLANS

#### **Pension Trust Fund**

The Town of Trumbull is the administrator of a single-employer Public Employee Retirement System (PERS) established and administered by the Town to provide pension benefits for its full-time employees other than police, firefighters and teachers. The PERS is considered to be part of the Town's financial reporting entity and is included in the Town's financial reports as a pension trust fund. The PERS does not issue a stand-alone report.

Management of the plans rests with the PERS Board, which consists of seven voting members. One of whom shall be the Director of Finance and one the Treasurer. One and only one of the remaining five members shall be an employee of the Town and appointed by the First Selectman. The other four are appointed by the Town Council.

#### **Plan Description**

The Town of Trumbull Pension Plan provides retirement, death and disability benefits through a singleemployer, contributory, defined benefit plan. Benefits vest at 50% after 5 years of service and increase an additional 10% per year to 100% after 10 years. Employees can retire on or after age 62 if they have at least 10 years of service, or after age 60 if age plus years of service equals at least 85. Employees who retire at these ages are entitled to an annual retirement benefit, payable monthly for 10 years certain and life, in an amount equal to 2% of final earnings for each year of service. There is a maximum annual pension of 60% of final earnings. Final earnings is the employee's average earnings during the 36 consecutive months that produces the highest average. Employees may retire early on or after age 55 with at least 10 years of service with a benefit reduced ½% for each month the early retirement date precedes the normal retirement date. The death benefit provides a benefit to a beneficiary of a fully vested participant of 120 months of retirement benefits beginning at the participant's normal retirement date as long as the beneficiary does not receive the deceased participant's employee contributions with credited interest and the proceeds from the \$25,000 life insurance policy are assigned to the pension plan. Employee contributions with credited interest are returnable on termination or death while active or retired (less any benefits paid) provided, in each case, that no death benefits are otherwise payable. Benefits and contributions are fixed by contract and may be amended by union negotiation.

The membership of the plan consisted of the following at July 1, 2012, the date of the latest actuarial valuation:

	Police Benefit Plan	Town Pension Plan
Retirees and beneficiaries receiving benefits Terminated plan members entitled to but not yet	44	325
receiving benefits		74
Active plan members	72	436
Total	116	835

#### **Summary of Significant Accounting Policies and Plan Asset Matters**

Basis of Accounting: PERS financial statements are prepared using the accrual basis of accounting. Employee and employer contributions are recognized when due; investment income is recognized when earned. Expenses (benefits, administration and refunds of contributions) are recognized when incurred.

Method Used to Value Investments: Investments are reported at fair value. Securities traded on a national exchange are valued at the last reported sales price. Investment income is recognized as earned.

#### **Funding Policy**

Employees are required to contribute amounts ranging between 3.5% and 5.5% of their monthly salary to the PERS depending on their contract. The Town is required to contribute the remaining amounts necessary to fund these benefits.

#### **Investments**

Investment Policy: The pension plan's policy in regard to the allocation of invested assets is established and may be amended by the PERS Board by a majority vote of its members. It is the policy of the PERS Board to pursue an investment strategy that reduces risk through the prudent diversification of the portfolio across a broad selection of distinct asset classes. The pension plan's investment policy discourages the use of cash equivalents, except for liquidity purposes, and aims to refrain from dramatically shifting asset class allocations over short time spans. The following was the Town and Police adopted asset allocation policy as of June 30, 2014:

Town	
Asset Class	Target Allocation
Domestic equity	45 %
International equity	20
Fixed income	30
Inflation protection	5
	100 %
Police	
Asset Class	Target Allocation
Domestic equity	41 %
International equity	14
Fixed income	35
Alternative investments	10
	100 %

Rate of Return: For the year ended June 30, 2014, the annual money-weighted rate of return on pension plan investments, net of pension plan investment expense, was 16.06% for the Town Pension Plan and 12.99% for the Police Pension Plan. The money-weighted rate of return expresses investment performance, net of investment expense, adjusted for the changing amounts actually invested.

#### **Net Pension Liability of the Town**

In accordance with Government Accounting Standards Board Statement No. 67, the components of the net pension liability of the Town at June 30, 2014, were as follows:

Town	
Total pension liability	\$ 92,827,543
Plan fiduciary net position	 (26,560,965)
Net Pension Liability	\$ 66,266,578
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability	28.61 %
Police	
Total pension liability	\$ 71,070,032
Plan fiduciary net position	 (48,981,725)
Net Pension Liability	\$ 22,088,307
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the	
total pension liability	68.92 %

The Town's net pension liability will be required to be recorded on the government wide-statement of net position at June 30, 2015.

Actuarial Assumptions: The total pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2014, using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement:

#### Town

Inflation Salary increases Investment rate of return	4.5% 3.5%, per annum, compounded annually 5.01%, per annum, compounded annually
	Police
Inflation Salary increases Investment rate of return	4.5% 4.5%, per annum, compounded annually 7.22%, per annum, compounded annually

Mortality rates were based on the 1994 Unisex Pensioners Mortality Table, with rates projected to 2014.

The actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2014 valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period July 1, 2010-June 30, 2014.

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a building-block method in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. Best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class included in the pension plan's target asset allocation as of June 30, 2014 (see the discussion of the pension plan's investment policy) are summarized in the following table:

	Long-Term Expected
Asset Class	Real Rate of Return
Domestic equity	9.25 %
International equity	9.75
Fixed income	4.25
Real estate	8.75
Cash	3.5
	35.5 %

Discount Rate: The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 5.01% for the Town Pension Plan and 7.22% for the Police Pension Plan. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that plan member contributions will be made at the current contribution rate and that Town contributions will be made at rates equal to the difference between actuarially determined contribution rates and the member rate. Based on those assumptions, the pension plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability

Sensitivity of the Net Pension Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate: The following presents the net pension liability of the Town and Police Pension Plans, calculated using the discount rate of 5.01% for the Town Pension Plan and 7.22% for the Police Pension Plans as well as what the net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1 percentage point lower or 1 percentage point higher than the current rate:

	_			Town		
	_	1% Decrease (4.01%)	_	Current Discount Rate (5.01%)	_	1% Decrease (6.01%)
Net Pension Liability	\$	76,743,547	\$	66,266,578	\$	57,240,964
				Police		
				Current		
	_	1% Decrease (6.22%)	_	Discount Rate (7.22%)	_	1% Decrease (8.22%)
Net Pension Liability	\$	32,826,354	\$	22,088,307	\$	13,373,540

## **Annual Pension Cost and Net Pension Obligation**

In accordance with GASB Statement No. 27, The Town's annual pension cost and annual required contribution to the PERS for the current year were as follows:

	_	Police Benefit Plan	_	Town Pension Plan
Annual required contribution	\$	3,226,000	\$	4,325,000
Interest on net pension obligation		1,863,142		2,365,210
Adjustment to annual required contribution	_	(2,111,976)	_	(2,631,740)
Annual pension cost		2,977,166		4,058,470
Contributions made	_	1,700,000	_	4,576,000
		1 277 166		(517, 520)
Increase (decrease) in net pension obligation		1,277,166		(517,530)
Net pension obligation at beginning of year		22,881,860	_	31,536,138
Net Pension Obligation at End of Year	\$_	24,159,026	\$_	31,018,608

## **Trend Information**

	Fiscal Year Ended	 Annual Pension Cost (APC)	-	Actual Contribution	Percentage of APC Contributed		Net Pension Obligation
Police Benefit Plan							
	6/30/12	\$ 3,218,448	\$	1,450,000	45.1%	\$	22,421,600
	6/30/13	2,060,260		1,600,000	77.7		22,881,860
	6/30/14	2,977,166		1,700,000	57.1		24,159,026
Town Employee Pe	nsion Plan						
	6/30/12	4,186,694		3,000,000	71.7		30,921,473
	6/30/13	4,314,665		3,700,000	85.8		31,536,138
	6/30/14	4,058,470		4,576,000	112.8		31,018,608

## **Schedule of Funding Progress**

Actuarial Valuation Date	Actuarial Value of Assets (a)	Actuarial Accrued Liability (AAL) (b)	Unfunded Accrued Liability (UAAL) (a-b)	Funded Ratio (a/b)	Covered Payroll (c)	UAAL % of Covered Payroll ((b-a)/c)
Police Benefit Plan						
7/01/08 \$	33,154,094	48,500,335	\$ 15,346,241	68.4% \$	5,029,000	305.2%
7/01/10	33,497,000	54,456,304	20,959,304	61.5	5,542,000	378.2
7/01/12	35,989,018	55,581,894	19,592,876	64.7	5,358,000	365.7
Town Employee Pens	sion Plan					
7/01/08	19,572,031	57,704,539	38,132,508	33.9	17,476,000	218.2
7/01/10	16,807,159	62,863,043	46,055,884	26.7	18,308,000	251.6
7/01/12	19,096,003	67,905,000	48,808,997	28.1	18,559,000	263.0

## Financial Information for the Separate Plans

		Town Pension				Police ension		Total
ASSETS								
Cash and cash equivalents Investments Receivables, net of allowance	\$	\$ 7 26,49		\$ 4		7,420,330	\$	1,522,626 73,911,256
for collections	_					118,609		118,609
Total assets		26,57	0,765		48	3,981,726	_	75,552,491
Net Position Held in Trust for Pension Benefits and Other Purposes	\$	26,57	<u>6,570,765</u>		48	3,981,726	\$ <u></u>	75,552,491
		_		Town Police ension Pension		<u>1</u>	Total	
Additions: Contributions: Employer Plan members		\$	89	6,000 0,129	\$	1,700,000 \$ 348,591		6,276,000 1,238,720
Total contributions  Investment income:  Net appreciation in fair value of investments Interest and dividends  Total investment income		- -	3,26 37	66,129 69,653 67,086 6,739		2,048,591 4,573,975 1,038,141 5,612,116		7,514,720 7,843,628 1,415,227 9,258,855
Total additions		_	9,11	2,868		7,660,7	07	16,773,575
Deductions: Benefits Administrative		-	7	01,446 (8,856 (0,302	 	2,087,9 127,0 2,214,9	19	6,279,399 205,875 6,485,274
Change in net position			4,84	2,566		5,445,7	35	10,288,301
Net position held at beginning of year		_	21,72	8,199		43,535,9	91_	65,264,190
Net Position Held at End of Year		\$_	26,57	0,765	\$	48,981,7	26 \$	75,552,491

#### **B.** Teachers' Retirement System

All Town certified teachers participate in the State of Connecticut Teachers' Retirement System under Section 10.183 of the General Statutes of the State of Connecticut. A teacher is eligible to receive a normal retirement benefit if he or she has: 1) attained age 60 and has accumulated 20 years of credited service in the public schools of Connecticut, or 2) attained any age and has accumulated 35 years of credited service, at least 25 years of which are service in the public schools of Connecticut.

The Board of Education withholds 7.25% of all teachers' annual salaries and transmits the funds to the State Teachers' Retirement Board. Teacher payroll subject to retirement amounted to \$48,902,003.

The retirement system for teachers is funded by the State based upon the recommendation of the State Teachers' Retirement Board. Such contribution includes amortization of the actuarially computed unfunded liability. The Town does not have any liability for teacher pensions. For the year ended June 30, 2014, the Town has recorded, in the General Fund, intergovernmental revenue and education expenditures in the amount of \$12,125,975 as payments made by the State of Connecticut on behalf of the Town.

The State of Connecticut Teacher Retirement System is considered to be a part of the State of Connecticut financial reporting entity and is included in the State's financial reports as a pension trust fund. Those reports may be obtained by writing to the State of Connecticut, Office of the State Comptroller, 55 Elm Street, Hartford, Connecticut 06106.

#### 13. CONTINGENT LIABILITIES

#### Lawsuits

There are several personal injury, negligence and personnel related lawsuits pending against the Town. The outcome and eventual liability of the Town, if any, in these cases is not known at this time. Based upon consultation with legal counsel, the Town's management estimates that potential claims against the Town resulting from such litigation and not covered by insurance would not have a material adverse affect the financial condition of the Town.

#### **Municipal Solid Waste Service Agreement**

The Town has entered into a municipal solid waste (MSW) agreement, as amended (the Service Agreement), with the Connecticut Resources Recovery Authority (the Authority), pursuant to which it participates with twelve other Connecticut municipalities (the eighteen constituting the Contracting Municipalities) in the Greater Bridgeport Resources Recovery System (the System).

Under the Service Agreement, the Town is required to deliver, or cause to be delivered, to the System solid waste generated within its boundaries up to its minimum commitment of 19,945 tons per year and to pay a uniform per ton disposal service payment (the Service Payment). The current fee is \$63 per ton. The aggregate minimum commitment of the twelve Contracting Municipalities is 265,000 per ton.

Additionally, the Town anticipates spending another \$27 per ton of MSW for delivery costs to the Facility and the cost of operating and maintaining its transfer station.

If any Participating Municipality shall default in the payment of any amounts for which it is responsible and such default continues for more than 60 days, the other Participating Municipalities shall pay their share of the amounts unpaid by the nonpaying Participating Municipality and shall be entitled to full reimbursement upon the Authority collecting such delinquent amounts.

Trumbull is also part of an Inter-Community Agreement dated September 15, 1989 establishing a regional recycling program. The Southwest Connecticut Regional Recycling Operating Committee (SWEROC) was established to implement the regional recycling program to meet the State of Connecticut mandated program for recycling, per Sections 22a-241-22a-241i of the Connecticut General Statutes. Trumbull is one of seventeen "Contracting Communities" participating in the SWEROC recycling program. The Town is committed to supply recyclables annually consisting of: food and beverage containers made of glass, metal and certain plastics, and newspapers. Other defined residential recyclables are cardboard, waste oil, storage batteries and scrap metal. The Town has flow-control responsibilities for recyclables from the residential sector, and its role is to receive recyclables from residential sources and transfer it to a regional recycling processing facility located in Stratford, Connecticut. Nonresidential generators can deliver recyclables to independent processing facilities other than SWEROC but must report to the Town the types and amounts of recyclable materials delivered to non-SWEROC processing facilities. A municipal ordinance has been adopted by the Town to comply with the requirements of the State of Connecticut legislation.

## 14. SUBSEQUENT EVENTS

On August 21, 2014, the Town issued \$9,885,000 of Bond Anticipation Notes with an interest rate of 1.25% and a maturity date of September 4, 2015 and \$7,575,000 of General Obligation Bonds with a variable interest rate between 2.00% and 4.00% and a final maturity of September 1, 2034.

On October 21, 2014, the Town issued \$11,860,000 of General Obligation Refunding Bonds with a variable interest rate between 2.00% and 5.00% and a final maturity of September 1, 2028.

### **GENERAL FUND**

# SCHEDULE OF REVENUES AND OTHER FINANCING SOURCES BUDGET AND ACTUAL (NON-GAAP BUDGETARY BASIS)

## FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2014

	Original Budget	Revised Budget	Actual	Variance Positive (Negative)
	Duaget	Buager		(regative)
Property Taxes:				
Current levy	\$ 138,401,994	\$ 138,401,994	\$ 137,257,021	\$ (1,144,973)
Interest and lien fees	650,000	650,000	991,419	341,419
PILOT - St. Joseph's Village	17,900	17,900	20,106	2,206
Total property taxes	139,069,894	139,069,894	138,268,546	(801,348)
Intergovernmental:				
Education equalization grant	3,251,084	3,251,084	3,326,117	75,033
School building grants	516,420	516,420	516,420	-
Education grants	900,000	900,000	607,991	(292,009)
Elderly tax	2,000	2,000		(2,000)
Homeowners tax relief	309,000	309,000	263,821	(45,179)
Military state and local	5,000	5,000	17,344	12,344
FEMA			42,468	42,468
Nonpublic pupils	75,000	75,000	71,814	(3,186)
Nonpublic busing	4,981	4,981	22,504	17,523
State property reimbursement	72,977	72,977	88,414	15,437
Disability exemption	3,577	3,577	3,391	(186)
Veterans grant	35,000	35,000	35,162	162
Telephone access tax	100,000	100,000	96,459	(3,541)
Manufacturing - tax relief	257,235	257,235	178,045	(79,190)
Foxwoods casino fund	42,273	42,273	47,763	5,490
Other various grants			25,259	25,259
VOAG grant	343,000	343,000	411,336	68,336
Bingo			65	65
Mutual aid local			49,700	49,700
Transportation			69,938	69,938
Total intergovernmental	5,917,547	5,917,547	5,874,011	(43,536)

(Continued on next page)

### **GENERAL FUND**

# SCHEDULE OF REVENUES AND OTHER FINANCING SOURCES BUDGET AND ACTUAL (NON-GAAP BUDGETARY BASIS) (CONTINUED)

### FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2014

	_	Original Budget	. <u>.</u>	Revised Budget	•	Actual	-	Variance Positive (Negative)
Licenses, Permits, Fees and Other								
Town clerk fees	\$	650,000	\$	650,000	\$	782,756	\$	132,756
Planning and zoning		25,000		25,000		33,424		8,424
Police		20,000		20,000		58,280		38,280
Building		700,000		700,000		1,007,249		307,249
Tuition/rentals - BOE		1,300,000		1,300,000		1,210,971		(89,029)
Fire marshal		50,000		50,000		76,194		26,194
Disposal area		295,000		295,000		397,136		102,136
Counseling center		10,000		10,000		17,835		7,835
Emergency medical services		1,100,000		1,100,000		1,155,210		55,210
Town engineer		25,000		25,000		30,402		5,402
Miscellaneous revenue		89,260		89,260		100,033		10,773
Cell tower rental		200,000		200,000		181,666		(18,334)
Senior citizen services		48,000		48,000				(48,000)
Public works						600		600
Total licenses, permits, fees and other	_	4,512,260		4,512,260		5,051,756		539,496
Investment income								
Unrealized loss						(99,233)		(99,233)
Income from investments		300,000		300,000		299,716		(284)
Total investment income	_	300,000		300,000		200,483	-	(99,517)
Other financing sources								
Use of fund balance		1,550,000		1,550,000				(1,550,000)
Transfer in	_	644,176		644,176	•	805,176	-	161,000
Total Revenues and Other Financing Sources	\$_	151,993,877	\$	151,993,877	\$	150,199,972	\$	(1,793,905)

### **GENERAL FUND**

# SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES BUDGET AND ACTUAL (NON-GAAP BUDGETARY BASIS)

## FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2014

		Original Budget	. <u>-</u>	Revised Budget	. <u> </u>	Actual		Variance Positive (Negative)
General Government:								
Town council	\$	82,853	\$	89,909	\$	89,909	\$	-
Ethics commission		120		11,180		11,060		120
First selectman		278,707		278,707		273,262		5,445
Probate judge		11,270		11,270		11,270		-
Elections registrar		115,118		115,118		104,547		10,571
Finance director		541,467		541,467		537,002		4,465
Finance board		76,277		80,806		79,456		1,350
Assessor		384,529		407,410		404,074		3,336
Tax review		5,850		5,850		2,870		2,980
Tax collector		379,872		389,745		376,207		13,538
Purchasing		79,609		97,778		97,676		102
Treasurer		22,100		22,100		22,017		83
Town attorneys		312,000		312,000		302,750		9,250
Human resources		209,849		210,513		208,885		1,628
Town clerk		264,602		264,602		258,265		6,337
Planning and zoning		308,296		308,296		292,198		16,098
Economic development		117,925		117,925		110,864		7,061
Inland-wetlands commission		10,150		13,034		12,129		905
Conservation commission		1,279		1,279		934		345
Transit district		44,084		44,084		44,084		-
Town hall		1,546,831		1,525,375		1,360,004		165,371
Technology		650,979		850,929		775,613		75,316
Employee benefits		14,287,563		14,287,563		14,204,581		82,982
Clean energy		1,600		1,600				1,600
Trumbull nature center		7,014		7,014		5,551		1,463
Charter revision	_			7,500		7,041.00	_	459
Total general government		19,739,944		20,003,054		19,592,249		410,805

(Continued on next page)

### **GENERAL FUND**

# SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES BUDGET AND ACTUAL (NON-GAAP BUDGETARY BASIS)

## FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2014

	Original	Revised			Variance Positive
	Budget	 Budget	 Actual	-	(Negative)
Public Safety:					
Police \$	7,901,410	\$ 8,081,410	\$ 8,077,033	\$	4,377
Emergency medical service	1,151,810	1,239,281	1,238,604		677
Fire marshal	302,336	303,129	298,130		4,999
Fire hydrants - water	1,336,535	1,369,500	1,369,499		1
Building official	312,353	315,150	313,879		1,271
Dog warden	114,688	114,688	111,272		3,416
Central emergency dispatch	180	180	-		180
Emergency management	95,636	95,636	91,697		3,939
Total public safety	11,214,948	11,518,974	11,500,114		18,860
Public Works:					
Public works director	168,268	168,268	165,600		2,668
Public works (highway)	2,419,548	2,419,548	2,340,594		78,954
Street lights	409,204	409,204	398,218		10,986
Fleet maintenance	1,240,770	1,334,628	1,333,929		699
Public works maintenance	907,647	907,647	904,546		3,101
Disposal area	2,148,439	2,258,525	2,213,146		45,379
Town engineer	511,330	514,158	512,638		1,520
Snow removal	489,950	693,950	691,253		2,697
Highway construction	100,000	 100,000	 99,958	_	42
Total public works	8,395,156	 8,805,928	 8,659,882		146,046
Public Health:					
Board of health	303,895	303,895	295,737		8,158
Vital statistics	1,000	1,000	723		277
Nursing - seniors	33,776	33,776	30,523		3,253
Non-public schools	257,826	257,826	254,053	_	3,773
Total public health	596,497	596,497	581,036		15,461

(Continued on next page)

### **GENERAL FUND**

# SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES BUDGET AND ACTUAL (NON-GAAP BUDGETARY BASIS)

## FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2014

	_	Original Budget	· <u>-</u>	Revised Budget	_	Actual	_	Variance Positive (Negative)
Social Services:								
Social services	\$	111,878	\$	115,122	\$	113,622	\$	1,500
Counseling center		226,869		226,869		191,333		35,536
Youth commission		56,790		58,141		58,021		120
Senior citizen commission		218,607		222,913		216,842		6,071
Total social services	_	614,144	-	623,045	-	579,818	_	43,227
Libraries	_	1,563,340	_	1,563,340	_	1,513,676	_	49,664
Recreation and Parks:								
Arts commission		29,121		29,891		29,501		390
Trumbull day commission		360		360		-		360
Public events		20,000		20,000		19,941		59
Recreation and parks		492,317		508,415		499,789		8,626
Parks		1,735,346		1,753,465		1,734,736		18,729
Tree warden		113,803	_	115,873	_	115,834	_	39
Total recreation and parks	_	2,390,947	_	2,428,004	_	2,399,801	_	28,203
Education:								
Contractual services		185,000		180,585		180,584		1
Operational expenditures		92,962,381		92,962,381		92,962,338		43
Workers compensation				50,929		50,928		1
Busing		888,000		879,842		879,841		1
Board of Education maintenance				960		959		1
Use of buildings		240,500		240,500		240,489		11
Business education initiative		65,005		65,005		58,909		6,096
School nurses		842,788		844,360		833,924		10,436
Total education	_	95,183,674	_	95,224,562	_	95,207,972	_	16,590
Debt Service:								
Principal - bonds and notes		8,289,155		8,289,155		8,283,595		5,560
Interest - bonds		4,006,073		3,966,757		3,840,489		126,268
Total debt service	_	12,295,228	-	12,255,912	_	12,124,084	-	131,828
Total Expenditures	\$_	151,993,878	\$	153,019,316	\$_	152,158,632	\$_	860,684

# SCHEDULE OF CHANGES IN NET PENSION LIABILITY AND RELATED RATIOS TOWN PENSION PLAN

## LAST FISCAL YEAR

	_	2014
Total pension liability:		
Service cost	\$	2,793,812
Interest		4,505,608
Differences between expected and actual experience		(1,420,269)
Changes of assumptions		(888,190)
Benefit payments, including refunds of member contributions		(4,191,446)
Net change in total pension liability		799,515
Total pension liability - beginning		92,028,028
Total pension liability - ending	_	92,827,543
Plan fiduciary net position:		
Contributions - employer		4,576,000
Contributions - member		890,129
Net investment income		3,611,739
Benefit payments, including refunds of member contributions		(4,191,446)
Administrative expense	_	(43,756)
Net change in plan fiduciary net position		4,842,666
Plan fiduciary net position - beginning	_	21,718,299
Plan fiduciary net position - ending	_	26,560,965
Town's Net Pension Liability - Ending	\$_	66,266,578
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability		28.61%
Covered-employee payroll	\$	16,964,000
Town's net pension liability as a percentage of covered-employee payroll		390.63%

# SCHEDULE OF CHANGES IN NET PENSION LIABILITY AND RELATED RATIOS POLICE PENSION PLAN

### LAST FISCAL YEAR

	-	2014
Total pension liability:		
Service cost	\$	1,197,110
Interest		4,873,895
Differences between expected and actual experience		(1,799,468)
Changes of assumptions		337,006
Benefit payments, including refunds of member contributions		(2,087,953)
Net change in total pension liability	-	2,520,590
Total pension liability - beginning		68,549,442
Total pension liability - ending	-	71,070,032
	_	
Plan fiduciary net position:		1 700 000
Contributions - employer		1,700,000
Contributions - member		348,591
Net investment income		5,662,996
Benefit payments, including refunds of member contributions		(2,087,953)
Administrative expense	_	(177,899)
Net change in plan fiduciary net position		5,445,735
Plan fiduciary net position - beginning	_	43,535,990
Plan fiduciary net position - ending	_	48,981,725
Town's Net Pension Liability - Ending	\$_	22,088,307
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability		68.92%
Covered-employee payroll	\$	5,995,000
Town's net pension liability as a percentage of covered-employee payroll		368.45%

## SCHEDULE OF EMPLOYER CONTRIBUTIONS TOWN PENSION PLAN

#### LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

	2005	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014
Actuarially determined contribution  Contributions in relation to the actuarially determined contribution	\$ 1,969,000 1,225,000	\$ 2,908,000 1,325,000	\$ 3,113,000 \$ 1,425,000	3,425,000 \$ 1,625,000	3,911,000 \$ 1,825,000	4,035,000 \$ 2,025,000	4,472,000 \$ 2,325,000	4,438,000 \$ 3,000,000	4,576,000 \$ 3,700,000	4,325,000 4,576,000
Contribution Deficiency (Excess)	\$ 744,000	\$ 1,583,000	\$\$	1,800,000 \$	2,086,000 \$	2,010,000 \$	2,147,000 \$	1,438,000 \$	876,000 \$	(251,000)
Covered-employee payroll	\$ 14,052,122	\$ 15,307,000	\$ 15,307,000 \$	17,476,000 \$	17,476,000 \$	18,308,000 \$	18,308,000 \$	18,559,000 \$	18,559,000 \$	16,964,000
Contributions as a percentage of covered-employee payroll	8.72%	8.66%	9.31%	9.30%	10.44%	11.06%	12.70%	16.16%	19.94%	26.97%

#### Notes to Schedule

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Valuation date: July 1, 2012 Measurement date: June 30, 2014

Actuarially determined contribution rates are calculated as of June 30, two years prior to the end of the fiscal year in which contributions are reported

Methods and assumptions used to determine contribution rates:

Actuarial cost method Entry age normal
Amortization method Level dollar
Remaining amortization period 25 year open period

Asset valuation method Fair Market Value. Fair Market Value is based on quoted market prices.

Inflation 4.50%

Salary increases 3.5%, per annum, compounded annually Investment rate of return 7.5%, per annum, compounded annually

Retirement age Employees can retire on or after age 62 if they have at least 10 years of service, or after age 60 if

age plus years of service equals at least 85.

Mortality 1994 Unisex Pensioners Mortality Table, with rates projected to 2014

## SCHEDULE OF EMPLOYER CONTRIBUTIONS POLICE PENSION PLAN

#### LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

	2005		2006	200	7	2008		2009	 2010	2	011	2012		2013	2014	
Actuarially determined contribution  Contributions in relation to the actuarially determined contribution	\$ 1,969, 850,		2,117,040 900,000	\$ 1,008 908	,000 5	2,091,150 1,050,000		2,369,000 1,250,000	\$ 2,438,000 1,250,000	,	74,000 50,000	\$ 3,393,000 1,450,000		3,088,000 \$ 1,600,000	3,226,00 1,700,00	
Contribution Deficiency (Excess)	\$ 1,119,	\$	1,217,040	\$ 99	,625	1,041,150	\$	1,119,000	\$ 1,188,000	\$ 2,1	24,000	\$ 1,943,000	\$	1,488,000 \$	1,526,0	00
Covered-employee payroll	\$ 4,007,	225 \$	4,290,000	\$ 4,290	,000	\$ 5,176,000	\$	5,176,000	\$ 5,542,000	\$ 5,5	12,000	\$ 5,358,000	\$	5,358,000 \$	5,995,0	.00
Contributions as a percentage of covered-employee payroll	21.	21%	20.98%	21	.17%	20.29	6	24.15%	22.56%		24.36%	27.069	6	29.86%	28.3	6%

#### Notes to Schedule

Valuation date: July 1, 2012 Measurement date: June 30, 2014

Actuarially determined contribution rates are calculated as of June 30, two years prior to the end of the fiscal year in which contributions are reported

Methods and assumptions used to determine contribution rates:

Actuarial cost method Entry age normal
Amortization method Level dollar
Remaining amortization period 15 year open period

Asset valuation method Fair Market Value. Fair Market Value is based on quoted market prices.

Inflation 4.50%

Salary increases 4.5%, per annum, compounded annually Investment rate of return 8.0%, per annum, compounded annually

Retirement age Employees can retire on or after age 62 if they have at least 10 years of service, or after

age 60 if age plus years of service equals at least 85.

Mortality 1994 Unisex Pensioners Mortality Table, with rates projected to 2014

Changes to the Plan Provisions Since Prior Year Participation was frozen effective July 1, 2014

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## SCHEDULE OF INVESTMENT RETURNS

## LAST FISCAL YEAR

	2014
Town Pension Plan	
Annual money-weighted rate of return, net of investment expense	16.06%
Police Pension Plan	
Annual money-weighted rate of return, net of investment expense	12.99%

### GENERAL FUND

### COMBINING BALANCE SHEET

## **JUNE 30, 2014**

	<del>-</del>	General	Special Revenue BOE Programs	Trumbull Day Fund	Interfund Elimination	Total
ASSETS						
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	34,801,964 \$	548,121	\$	\$ \$	35,350,085
Investments		10,251,703				10,251,703
Receivables, net of allowance						
for collections		8,893,719	45,763	19,124		8,958,606
Interfund loans		378,096	210			378,096
Other Assets Due from other funds		343 6,218,224	318	35,486	(66,229)	661 6,187,481
Advances to other funds		1,655,056		33,460	(00,229)	1,655,056
Advances to other funds	_	1,033,030			<u> </u>	1,033,030
Total Assets	\$_	62,199,105 \$	594,202	\$ 54,610	\$ (66,229) \$	62,781,688
LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOUR	CES A	ND FUND BAI	LANCES			
Liabilities:						
Accounts payable and						
accrued liabilities	\$	6,999,409 \$	7,038	\$ 28,795		7,035,242
Due to other funds		27,635,699	30,743		(66,229)	27,600,213
Unearned revenue	_	98,648			· <del></del> -	98,648
Total liabilities	_	34,733,756	37,781	28,795	(66,229)	34,734,103
Deferred Inflows of Resources:						
Unavailable revenue - property taxes		6,605,376				6,605,376
Unavailable revenue - school construction receivables		1,429,035				1,429,035
Advance property tax collections		1,029,995				1,029,995
Advance summer school collections	_		196,415		<u> </u>	196,415
Total deferred inflows of resources	_	9,064,406	196,415	-	<u> </u>	9,260,821
Fund Balances:						
Reserved for:						
Nonspendable		1,655,056				1,655,056
Committed		1,141,814	360,006	25,815		1,527,635
Assigned		369,264				369,264
Unassigned	_	15,234,809				15,234,809
Total fund balances	_	18,400,943	360,006	25,815		18,786,764
Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources						
and Fund Balances	\$_	62,199,105 \$	594,202	\$ 54,610	\$ (66,229) \$	62,781,688

### **GENERAL FUND**

## COMBINING SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES

## **JUNE 30, 2014**

	General		Special Revenue BOE Programs		Trumbull Day Fund	Transfer Elimination		Total
Revenues:								•
Property taxes, interest and lien fees \$	138,268,546	\$		\$		\$	\$	138,268,546
Federal and state government	17,999,986		329,438					18,329,424
Charges for services	5,212,306		1,823,333		96,568			7,132,207
Investment income	200,483							200,483
Other local revenues								
Total revenues	161,681,321	_	2,152,771	_	96,568			163,930,660
Expenditures:								
Current:								
General government	19,612,858							19,612,858
Public safety	11,554,102							11,554,102
Public works	8,862,763							8,862,763
Public health	581,532							581,532
Libraries	1,514,843							1,514,843
Social services	579,610							579,610
Parks and recreation	2,382,213				110,385			2,492,598
Education	107,643,687		2,060,579					109,704,266
Debt service:								-
Principal retirement	8,283,595							8,283,595
Interest and other charges	3,840,489							3,840,489
Capital outlay	-			_				-
Total expenditures	164,855,692	_	2,060,579	_	110,385		_	167,026,656
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues								
over Expenditures	(3,174,371)	_	92,192	_	(13,817)			(3,095,996)
Other Financing Sources (Uses):								
Refunding bond proceeds	7,844,000							7,844,000
Premium on refunding bonds	762,425							762,425
Payment to refunded bond escrow agent	(8,494,259)							(8,494,259)
Premium on bonds	137,741							137,741
Transfers in	805,176	_		_				805,176
Total other financing sources	1,055,083	_	-	_				1,055,083
Net Change in Fund Balances	(2,119,288)		92,192		(13,817)	-		(2,040,913)
Fund Balances at Beginning of Year	20,520,231		267,814	_	39,632			20,827,677
Fund Balances at End of Year \$	18,400,943	\$	360,006	\$_	25,815	\$	\$	18,786,764

## GENERAL FUND REPORT OF TAX COLLECTOR

#### FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2014

	Uncollec	ted		_	Lawful (	Corr	ections		Transfers	Adjusted	_			Colle	ection	ns				Uncollected
Grand	Taxes	:	Current						To	Taxes						Lien				Taxes
List	July 1, 2	013	Levy		Additions		Deductions	_	Suspense	 Collectible		Taxes	_	Interest	_	Fees		Total	_	June 30, 2014
2012	\$		\$ 138,772,199	\$	353,819	\$	787,930	\$		\$ 138,338,088	\$	135,859,321	\$	297,480	\$	18,785	\$	136,175,586	\$	2,478,767
2011	2,65	9,721			15,942		614,601			2,061,062		566,120		224,945		20,912		811,977		1,494,942
2010	84	2,964			5,316		423,877		124,138	300,265		87,016		150,658		1,902		239,576		213,249
2009	33	3,677			881		52,476			282,082		174,142		81,134		578		255,854		107,940
2008	13	5,537			167.00		120			135,584		69,039		48,629		515		118,183		66,545
2007	11	2,336			209					112,545		55,135		49,354		72		104,561		57,410
2006	7	7,705			247.00					77,952		47,307		50,541		48		97,896		30,645
2005	3	5,103			25.00					35,128		10,283		5,862		48		16,193		24,845
2004	1	0,336								10,336								-		10,336
2003	1	1,667								11,667								-		11,667
2002	8	1,647								81,647								-		81,647
2001		8,010								8,010								-		8,010
2000	1	1,147								11,147								-		11,147
1999	1	2,354								12,354								-		12,354
1998	1	1,568								11,568								-		11,568
1997	1	1,550					11,550	_		-			_				_	-		
Total	\$ 4,35	5,322	\$ 138,772,199	\$	376,606	\$_	1,890,554	\$_	124,138	\$ 141,489,435	\$	136,868,363	\$	908,603	\$	42,860	\$	137,819,826	\$	4,621,072

## COMBINING STATEMENT OF NET POSITION BY PROJECT- WPCA FUND

## **JUNE 30, 2014**

	_	WPCA Operations		WPCA Construction	 Total WPCA
Assets:					
Current assets:					
Receivables, net	\$	1,072,854	\$	-	\$ 1,072,854
Assessment receivable				42,347,465	42,347,465
Due from other funds		6,535,413		5,482,338	12,017,751
Other asset	_		-	18,082	 18,082
Total current assets		7,608,267		47,847,885	55,456,152
Noncurrent assets:					
Capital assets, net				93,716,155	93,716,155
Total assets	_	7,608,267	_	141,564,040	 149,172,307
Deferred Outflows of Resources: Deferred charge on refunding				390,165	390,165
Liabilities: Current liabilities:		041 042		147 427	000 200
Accounts and other payables Accrued liabilities		841,843 4,942		147,437	989,280 4,942
Bonds payable		4,942		4,725,460	4,725,460
Compensation absences		8,368		4,723,400	8,368
Total current liabilities	_	855,153	. –	4,872,897	 5,728,050
Noncurrent liabilities:					
Bonds payable, net				62,746,321	62,746,321
Compensated absences		47,244		, ,	47,244
Total noncurrent liabilities	_	47,244		62,746,321	 62,793,565
Total liabilities	_	902,397		67,619,218	 68,521,615
Net Position:					
Net investment in capital assets				26,634,539	26,634,539
Unrestricted	_	6,705,870	-	47,700,448	 54,406,318
Total Net Position	\$	6,705,870	\$_	74,334,987	\$ 81,040,857

## COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES AND CHANGES IN FUND NET POSITION BY PROJECT - WPCA FUND

## FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2014

	_	WPCA Operations	· <u>-</u>	WPCA Construction		Total WPCA
Operating Revenues: Charges for services	\$_	8,324,062	\$_		\$	8,324,062
Operating Expenses: Operations and maintenance Depreciation	_	6,390,276	. <u>-</u>	1,753,043 1,753,043		6,390,276 1,753,043 8,143,319
Total operating expenses  Operating Income (Loss)	_	1,933,786	- -	(1,753,043)	_	180,743
Nonoperating Revenue (Expenses): Interest income Interest expense Net nonoperating expenses	_	-	· <u>-</u>	1,654,079 (2,220,363) (566,284)		1,654,079 (2,220,363) (566,284)
Income Before Capital Contributions and Transfers	_	1,933,786	. =	(2,319,327)		(385,541)
Capital Contributions: Capital contributions Special assessments and other Total capital contributions	_	386,632 386,632	· <u>-</u>	1,518,318 19,912,218 21,430,536	_	1,518,318 20,298,850 21,817,168
Income Before Transfers		2,320,418		19,111,209		21,431,627
Transfers Out	_	(416,402)	. <u>-</u>			(416,402)
Change in Net Position		1,904,016		19,111,209		21,015,225
Net Position at Beginning of Year		4,801,854	· <u>-</u>	55,223,778		60,025,632
Net Position at End of Year	\$_	6,705,870	\$_	74,334,987	\$	81,040,857

## COMBINING BALANCE SHEET NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

### **JUNE 30, 2014**

	_									Special Re	vei	nue Funds										
ASSETS		Homeland Securities Act		Dog Fund	_	Youth and Children Services		Frumbull Library	 Town Clerk Historical Preservation	 Millington League Settlement		Education Grants and Other Programs	-	Police Grants	_	Police Special Duty		School Lunch		cial vices		Debt Service Fund
Cash and cash equivalents Accounts receivable Due from other funds Inventory	\$	1,688	\$	775 127,794	\$	7,728	\$	2,547	\$ 112,160	\$	\$	95,691	\$	865	\$	343,801 1,340,120	\$	674,108 \$ 69,829 29,172		2,103	\$	709,353
Total Assets	\$_	1,688	\$_	128,569	\$_	7,728	\$_	2,547	\$ 112,160	\$ -	\$	95,691	\$	865	\$_	1,683,921	\$_	773,109	<u> </u>	2,103	\$	709,353
LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES AND FUND BALANCES																						
Liabilities: Accounts and other payable Due to other funds Advances to other funds	\$		\$	2,636	\$	1,694	\$		\$ 27,842	\$ 75,853	\$	71,280 8,910	\$		\$	180,000	\$	932 S 183,508	\$		\$	
Unearned revenue Total liabilities	=	-	_	2,636	_	1,694	_	-	 27,842	 75,853		15,501 95,691	-	-	_	180,000	-	184,440	_	_	_	-
Deferred Inflows of Resources: Unavailable revenue - other receivables Advance lunch sales Total deferred inflows of resources	_	-	· _	-	_	-	_	-	 -	 -		-	· -	-	_	-	· <u>-</u>	64,158 64,158			_	-
Fund Balances: Nonspendable Restricted Committed Unassigned Total fund balances	_	1,688	. <u>-</u>	775 125,158 125,933	_	6,034	_	2,547	 84,318 84,318	 (75,853) (75,853)			. <u>-</u>	865	_	1,503,921		29,172 69,829 425,510		2,103		709,353
Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources and Fund Balances	\$	1,688	\$	128,569	\$	7,728	\$	2,547	\$ 112,160	\$ -	\$	95,691	\$	865	\$	1,683,921	\$	773,109			\$	709,353

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(Continued on next page)

#### COMBINING BALANCE SHEET (CONTINUED) NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

### **JUNE 30, 2014**

	_							Capital	Pro	ojects Funds						
ASSETS	-	Police Funds		Public Works Capital Projects	Small Cities	-	Senior Citizen Bus Fund	 THS Renovations	· <del>-</del>	Land Acquisition	Police Station Improvements	_	LOCIP	Park Improvements		Resurfacing of Town Roads
Cash and cash equivalents Accounts receivable Due from other funds Inventory	\$	39,258	\$	\$ 794,245	39 10,576	\$		\$ 1,177,573	\$		37,781	\$	474,513	50,086	\$	14,422
Total Assets	\$	39,258	\$	794,245 \$	10,615	\$	-	\$ 1,177,573	\$	- 5	37,781	\$_	474,513	\$ 50,086	\$	14,422
LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES AND FUND BALANCES																
Liabilities: Accounts and other payable Due to other funds Advances to other funds Unearned revenue	\$	39,295	\$	\$ 761,284		\$		\$	\$	1,655,056	8	\$	712,345	\$	\$	
Total liabilities	-	39,295	_	761,284	-	-	-	 -	_	1,655,056		-	712,345	-	-	-
Deferred Inflows of Resources: Unavailable revenue - other receivables Advance lunch sales Total deferred inflows of resources	-	<u> </u>	_		-	-	-	 -		-		· –				
Fund Balances: Nonspendable Restricted Committed Unassigned	_	(37)		32,961	10,615	_		 1,177,573	. <u>-</u>	(1,655,056)	37,781		(237,832)	50,086		14,422
Total fund balances	-	(37)	_	32,961	10,615		-	 1,177,573	_	(1,655,056)	37,781	_	(237,832)	50,086	_	14,422
Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources and Fund Balances	\$	39,258	\$	794,245 \$	10,615	\$	-	\$ 1,177,573	\$	- 5	37,781	\$	474,513	\$ 50,086	\$	14,422

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(Continued on next page)

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#### TOWN OF TRUMBULL, CONNECTICUT

#### COMBINING BALANCE SHEET (CONTINUED) NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

### **JUNE 30, 2014**

									Capital Pro	ojec	ets Funds								
ASSETS	Reserv Capita Nonrect Expend	l and urring	Resurfacing of Tennis Courts	ŀ	Pre- Kindergarten School	_	Daniels Farm Road Bridge	-	BOE Emergency Projects		Townwide Park Improvements	. <u>-</u>	Tax Assessor CAMA System		Technology Town & BOE	· <u>-</u>	Paving	_	Rails to Trails
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	9		\$		\$		\$		\$		\$		\$		\$		\$	
Accounts receivable Due from other funds Inventory		83,807		Ψ 	245,738	Ψ _		Ψ	44,773	Ψ	330	Ψ.	19,863	Ψ	83,296	Ψ 	404,312	_	
Total Assets	\$	83,807	-	\$	245,738	\$_	-	\$_	44,773	\$	330	\$	19,863	\$	83,296	\$	404,312	\$_	
LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES AND FUND BALANCES																			
Liabilities: Accounts and other payable Due to other funds Advances to other funds	\$	\$	4,670	\$		\$	17,571	\$	8,053	\$		\$		\$	9,500	\$	36,671	\$	211,191
Unearned revenue Total liabilities	-		4,670	_	-	_	17,571	_	8,053	-	-		-		9,500	_	36,671	_	211,191
Deferred Inflows of Resources: Unavailable revenue - other receivables Advance lunch sales Total deferred inflows of resources				· _	-	_		_	-		-		-		-	· –	<u> </u>	_	
Fund Balances: Nonspendable Restricted																			
Committed Unassigned		83,807	(4.670)		245,738		(17.571)		36,720		330		19,863		73,796		367,641		(211 101)
Total fund balances		83,807	(4,670) (4,670)		245,738	_	(17,571) (17,571)	_	36,720	-	330		19,863		73,796	_	367,641	_	(211,191) (211,191)
Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources and Fund Balances	\$	83,807	§ -	\$	245,738	\$	_	\$	44,773	\$	330	\$	19,863	\$	83,296	\$	404,312	\$	_

#### COMBINING BALANCE SHEET (CONTINUED) NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

### **JUNE 30, 2014**

	_	Capital Projects Funds							Permanent Funds								
ASSETS	-	New Elementary School	BOE Capital Projects	_	BOE 2nd Year Phase I Technology	_	BOE Phase II Technology	. <u>-</u>	BOE 2nd Year Phase II Technology		BOE Scholarships	_	Cemetery Fund	-	Interfund Eliminations	G	Total Nonmajor overnmental Funds
Cash and cash equivalents Accounts receivable Due from other funds Inventory	\$	\$	113,674	\$	23,772	\$	14,843	\$	170	\$	167,253 99,956	\$ _	25,910 1,457	\$	:	\$ 	869,857 2,031,742 4,514,610 29,172
Total Assets	\$	- \$_	113,674	\$	23,772	\$_	14,843	\$	170	\$	267,209	\$_	27,367	\$	- :	\$	7,445,381
LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES AND FUND BALANCES	_													_			
Liabilities: Accounts and other payable Due to other funds Advances to other funds Unearned revenue Total liabilities	\$	\$ 425,928 425,928	499,038 2,402,003 2,901,041	\$	- ·	\$	-	\$	-	\$	<u>-</u>	\$	-	\$	-	\$ 	657,646 5,022,558 1,655,056 15,501 7,350,761
Deferred Inflows of Resources: Unavailable revenue - other receivables Advance lunch sales Total deferred inflows of resources	-		-	_		_	-	· -	-		99,956		-	-		_	99,956 64,158 164,114
Fund Balances: Nonspendable Restricted Committed Unassigned	_	(425,928)	(2,787,367)		23,772	_	14,843	· -	170		167,253		27,367	-			223,792 75,260 5,046,959 (5,415,505)
Total fund balances	-	(425,928)	(2,787,367)	_	23,772	-	14,843	-	170		167,253	_	27,367	-	-	_	(69,494)
Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources and Fund Balances	\$	\$	113,674	\$_	23,772	\$_	14,843	\$	170	\$	267,209	\$_	27,367	\$	<u> </u>	\$ <u></u>	7,445,381

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# COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES

#### NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

#### FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2014

#### Special Revenue Funds

	Homela Securiti Act	es	Dog Fund	Youth and Children Services	Trumbull Library	Town Clerk Historical Preservation	Millington League Settlement	Education Grants and Other Programs	Police Grants	Police Special Duty	School Lunch	Social Services	Debt Service Fund
Revenue:	¢.	•		e 22.002	¢.	¢ 172.400	¢.	£ 2.200.052 6			120 485	e e	
Intergovernmental revenue Investment income	\$	\$		\$ 33,083	\$	\$ 173,480	\$	\$ 2,298,853	\$		420,485	\$ \$	
Charges for goods and services			21,058			77,756				1,364,794	2,084,454		
Other													
Total revenues			21,058	33,083	_	251,236		2,298,853		1,364,794	2,504,939		-
Expenditures:													
Current:													
General government						230,977							
Public safety			11,395							1,170,431			
Public health Education				35,340				2,298,853			2,496,759		
Capital outlay								2,298,833			2,496,739		
Total expenditures	-		11,395	35,340		230,977		2,298,853	-	1,170,431	2,496,759		-
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues			9,663	(2,257)		20,259				194,363	8,180		
over Expenditures		<u> </u>	9,003	(2,237)		20,239				194,303	8,180	<del></del> -	
Other Financing Sources:													
Transfers out										(180,000)			
Issuance of debt  Total other financing sources (uses)							<del></del>			(180,000)			
Total other financing sources (uses)	-				<del></del>		<del></del>			(180,000)		<del></del> -	
Net Change in Fund Balances			9,663	(2,257)	-	20,259	-	-	-	14,363	8,180	-	-
Fund Balances at Beginning of Year	1,6	588 1	16,270	8,291	2,547	64,059	(75,853)		865	1,489,558	516,331	2,103	709,353
Fund Balances at End of Year	\$	588 \$ <u>1</u>	25,933	\$ 6,034	\$ 2,547	\$ 84,318	\$ (75,853)	\$	865 \$	1,503,921	524,511	\$ 2,103 \$	709,353

(Continued on next page)

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# COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES (CONTINUED)

#### NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

#### FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2014

#### **Capital Projects Funds**

	_	Police Funds	_	Public Works Capital Projects	Small Cities		Senior Citizen Bus Fund		THS Renovations	A	Land Acquisition	Police Station Improvemen	ts_	LOCIP	Park Improvement	s _	Resurfacing of Town Roads
Revenue:						_						_					
Intergovernmental revenue Investment income	\$	115,617	\$	256,124 \$		\$	40,000	\$		\$		\$	\$	211,837	\$	\$	
Charges for goods and services											14,192						
Other	_		_				40.000	_			11100	-		244.005			
Total revenues	_	115,617	-	256,124			40,000	_	-	_	14,192		_	211,837			
Expenditures:																	
Current:																	
General government Public safety																	
Public health																	
Education													_				
Capital outlay  Total expenditures	_	100,722 100,722	-	215,199 215,199			40,000	_				37,69		39,685	26,37		14,389 14,389
Total experiuntities	_	100,722	-	213,199			40,000	_				37,0		39,003	20,5		14,369
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues																	
over Expenditures	_	14,895	_	40,925	-			_	-	-	14,192	(37,69	95)	172,152	(26,37	(0)	(14,389)
Other Financing Sources:																	
Transfers out																	
Issuance of debt  Total other financing sources (uses)	_		-					_					_				
Total other financing sources (uses)	-		-					_		_			_				
Net Change in Fund Balances		14,895		40,925	-		-		-		14,192	(37,69	95)	172,152	(26,37	70)	(14,389)
Fund Balances at Beginning of Year	_	(14,932)	_	(7,964)	10,6	15		_	1,177,573		(1,669,248)	75,47	6	(409,984)	76,45	56	28,811
Fund Balances at End of Year	\$	(37)	\$_	32,961 \$	10,6	15 \$		\$	1,177,573	\$	(1,655,056)	\$ 37,78	\$1 \$	(237,832)	\$ 50,08	86 \$	14,422

(Continued on next page)

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# COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES (CONTINUED)

#### NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

#### FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2014

#### **Daniels** Tax Reserve for Capital and Resurfacing Pre-Farm BOE Townwide Assessor Technology Nonrecurring of Tennis Kindergarten Road Emergency Park CAMA Town & Rails to Expenditures Courts School Bridge Projects BOE Improvements System Paving Trails \$ \$ \$ \$ 463,813 \$ \$ 463,813 19,819 9,500 784,456 2,466 31,182 19,819 784,456 9,500 2,466 (31,182)(19,819)(9,500)(320,643) (2,466)

(31,182)

67,902

36,720 \$

(17,571)

(17,571) \$

(19,819)

39,682

19,863

330

330 \$

(9,500)

83,296

73,796 \$

(320,643)

688,284

367,641 \$

(2,466)

(208,725)

(211,191)

**Capital Projects Funds** 

(Continued on next page)

245,738

245,738

(4,670)

(4,670) \$

83,807

83,807

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Revenue:

Other

Expenditures: Current:

Intergovernmental revenue

Total revenues

General government Public safety Public health Education Capital outlay

Total expenditures

Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues over Expenditures

Total other financing sources (uses)

Other Financing Sources: Transfers out Issuance of debt

Net Change in Fund Balances

Fund Balances at End of Year

Fund Balances at Beginning of Year

Investment income Charges for goods and services

Permanent Fund

#### TOWN OF TRUMBULL, CONNECTICUT

# COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES (CONTINUED)

#### NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

#### FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2014

**Capital Projects Funds** 

I 	New Elementary School	BOE Capital Projects	BOE 2nd Year Phase I Technology	BOE Phase II Technology	BOE 2nd Year Phase II Technology	BOE Scholarships	Cemetery Fund	Total Nonmajor Governmental Funds
\$		\$ 970,817	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$ 4,984,109
						401	36	437
		_				8,065		3,562,254 8,065
_	-	970,817				8,466	36	8,554,865
<u>-</u>		4,355,407 4,355,407				40,954		230,977 1,181,826 35,340 4,836,566 5,676,890 11,961,599
_		(3,384,590)	<u> </u>			(32,488)	36	(3,406,734)
		36,000						(180,000) 36,000
_	-	36,000		-				(144,000)
· <u> </u>	-	(3,348,590)	-	-	-	(32,488)	36	(3,550,734)
_	(425,928)	561,223	23,772	14,843	170	199,741	27,331	3,481,240
\$	(425,928)	\$ (2,787,367)	\$ 23,772	\$ 14,843	\$ 170	\$ 167,253	\$ 27,367	\$ (69,494)

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Revenue:

Other

Expenditures: Current:

Intergovernmental revenue Investment income Charges for goods and services

Total revenues

General government Public safety Public health Education Capital outlay

Total expenditures

Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues
over Expenditures

Other Financing Sources:
Transfers out
Issuance of debt

Net Change in Fund Balances
Fund Balances at Beginning of Year
Fund Balances at End of Year

Total other financing sources (uses)

## COMBINING STATEMENT OF NET POSITION

# INTERNAL SERVICE FUNDS

# **JUNE 30, 2014**

	_	Lease Fund		Insurance Reserve Fund	. <u>-</u>	Total
ASSETS						
Current assets: Due from other funds	\$		\$	5,266,651	\$	5,266,651
Noncurrent assets: Capital assets, net		2,973,539			_	2,973,539
Total assets	_	2,973,539	_	5,266,651	_	8,240,190
LIABILITIES AND NET POSITION						
Liabilities: Current liabilities: Claims payable Due to other funds Total current liabilities	_	1,164,923 1,164,923	. <u>-</u>	582,524 582,524		582,524 1,164,923 1,747,447
Noncurrent liabilities: Claims payable				3,596,966	. <u></u>	3,596,966
Total liabilities	_	1,164,923	<u> </u>	4,179,490	. <u>—</u>	5,344,413
NET POSITION						
Net Position: Net investment in capital assets Unrestricted	_	1,808,616	. <u>-</u>	1,087,161	. <u>-</u>	1,808,616 1,087,161
Total Net Position	\$_	1,808,616	\$	1,087,161	\$	2,895,777

# COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES AND CHANGES IN FUND NET POSITION

## INTERNAL SERVICE FUNDS

# FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2014

		Lease Fund	_	Insurance Reserve Fund	. <u> </u>	Total
Operating Revenues:						
Charges for services	\$	441,870	\$_	18,451,084	\$	18,892,954
Operating Expenses:						
Claims expense				16,944,100		16,944,100
Depreciation expense		484,508				484,508
Total operating expenses	_	484,508		16,944,100	_	17,428,608
Operating Income (Loss)		(42,638)		1,506,984		1,464,346
Nonoperating Expenses:						
Loss on disposal of capital assets		(23,268)	_		<u> </u>	(23,268)
Change in Net Position		(65,906)		1,506,984		1,441,078
Net Position at Beginning of Year	_	1,874,522	_	(419,823)	_	1,454,699
Net Position at End of Year	\$	1,808,616	\$_	1,087,161	\$_	2,895,777

## COMBINING STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS

### INTERNAL SERVICE FUNDS

## FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2014

	_	Lease Fund		Insurance Reserve Fund		Total
Cash Flows from Operating Activities: Cash received from users Cash paid for insurance claims and premiums Net cash provided by operating activities	\$ 	441,870 441,870	\$	18,451,084 (15,701,084) 2,750,000	\$	18,892,954 (15,701,084) 3,191,870
Cash Flows from Noncapital Financing Activities: Cash received from (paid to) other funds		117,462		(2,750,000)	. <u>-</u>	(2,632,538)
Cash Flows from Capital and Related Financing Activities: Purchase of fixed assets	_	(559,332)			. <u> </u>	(559,332)
Net Increase in Cash and Cash Equivalents		-		-		-
Cash and Cash Equivalents at Beginning of Year			_	-	_	-
Cash and Cash Equivalents at End of Year	\$	_	\$	-	\$	-
Reconciliation of Operating Income (Loss) to Net Cash Provided by Operating Activities: Operating income (loss) Adjustments to reconcile operating income (loss) to net cash provided by operating activities:	\$	(42,638)	\$	1,506,984	\$	1,464,346
Depreciation expense Increase (decrease) in claims payable		484,508		1,243,016	_	484,508 1,243,016
Net Cash Provided by Operating Activities	\$	441,870	\$	2,750,000	\$	3,191,870

# **AGENCY FUNDS**

# COMBINING BALANCE SHEET JUNE 30, 2014

		Performance Bond Fund	 Student Activity Fund	 Total
ASSETS Cash and cash equivalents	\$ <u></u>	677,688	\$ 306,102	\$ 983,790
LIABILITIES Deposits held for others	\$	677,688	\$ 306,102	\$ 983,790

## **AGENCY FUNDS**

# COMBINING STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN ASSETS AND LIABILITIES FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2014

		Balance July 1, 2013		Additions		Deductions		Balance June 30, 2014
Performance Bond Fund	_		_		=		-	
Assets:								
Cash and cash equivalents	\$_	861,862	\$_	60,077	\$_	244,251	\$	677,688
Liabilities:								
Deposits held for others	\$_	861,862	\$_	60,077	\$_	244,251	\$	677,688
<b>Student Activity Fund</b>								
Assets:								
Cash and cash equivalents	\$_	283,101	\$_	651,503	\$_	628,502	\$	306,102
Liabilities:								
Deposits held for others	\$_	283,101	\$_	651,503	\$_	628,502	\$	306,102
<b>Total All Funds</b>								
Assets:								
Cash and cash equivalents	\$_	1,144,963	\$=	711,580	\$_	872,753	\$	983,790
Liabilities:								
Deposits held for others	\$_	1,144,963	\$_	711,580	\$_	872,753	\$	983,790

## COMBINING STATEMENT OF NET POSITION

# PRIVATE PURPOSE TRUST FUNDS

# **JUNE 30, 2014**

	<u>-</u>	Trumbull Library	. <u>-</u>	Special Trust		Total		
ASSETS								
Current assets:								
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	45,129	\$	112,667	\$	157,796		
Investments		21,346				21,346		
Receivables				43,504		43,504		
Due from other funds		13,276		1,205,159		1,218,435		
Total current assets	_	79,751	_	1,361,330	_	1,441,081		
LIABILITIES AND NET POSITION								
Liabilities:								
Current liabilities:								
Accounts and other payables	_		_	14,623		14,623		
NET POSITION IN TRUST	\$	79,751	\$	1,346,707	\$	1,426,458		

# COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES AND CHANGES IN NET POSITION

## PRIVATE PURPOSE TRUST FUNDS

# FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2014

		Trumbull Library		Special Trust	 Total
Additions:					
Interest and dividends	\$	61	\$	155	\$ 216
Intergovernmental		482			482
Contributions		91,445		760,372	851,817
Total additions		91,988		760,527	852,515
Deductions:					
Payments to beneficiaries		88,315	. <u>-</u>	669,620	 757,935
Change in net position		3,673		90,907	94,580
Net position at beginning of year	_	76,078		1,255,800	 1,331,878
Net Position at End of Year	\$	79,751	\$	1,346,707	\$ 1,426,458

### SCHEDULE OF DEBT LIMITATION

# COMPARATIVE SCHEDULE BY SOURCE (In Thousands)

### **JUNE 30, 2014**

Total tax collections, including interest and lien fees, received by Treasurer for year ended June 30, 2013	\$ 137,820
Reimbursement for loss on: Tax relief for elderly - elderly freeze	 3
BASE	\$ 137,823

	-	General Purpose	 Schools		Sewers		Urban Renewal	· <u>-</u>	Pension Deficit
Debt limitation:									
2-1/4 times base	\$	310,101	\$	\$		\$		\$	
4-1/2 times base			620,203						
3-3/4 times base					516,836				
3-1/4 times base							447,924		
3 times base									413,468
Total debt limitation	-	310,101	620,203	_	516,836	-	447,924	_	413,468
Indebtedness:									
Bonds payable		26,194	67,295		65,641				
Bond anticipation notes		9,521							
Bonds authorized - unissued		15,501	10,582						
Total indebtedness	-	51,216	77,877	_	65,641		-	_	-
Debt Limitation in									
Excess of Outstanding									
and Authorized Debt	\$	258,885	\$ 542,326	\$	451,195	\$	447,924	\$	413,468

Note: In no event shall total debt exceed seven times annual receipts from taxation (\$964.8 million).